DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES

Division of Care and Treatment Services F-24277 (05/2024)

STATE OF WISCONSIN 42 CFR483.420(a)(2) DHS 134.31(3)(o) DHS 94.03 & 94.09 §§ 51.61(1)(g) & (h)

INFORMED CONSENT FOR MEDICATION

Dosage and / or Side Effect information last revised on 06/08/2017

Completion of this form is voluntary. If an emergency. This consent is maintained in the client		-		dministered without a co	urt order unless in		
Name – Patient / Client (Last, First MI)		ID Numb		Living Unit	Date of Birth		
Name – Individual Preparing This Form Name – Staff C		- Staff Contact		Name / Telephone Number – Institution			
MEDICATION CATEGORY	MEDICA	TION	RECOMMENDED D		ANTICIPATED DOSAGE RANGE		
Opioid antagonist	ReVia (naltrexone)		Dosing schedule determined by physician				
The anticipated dosage range is to be without your informed and written cons Recommended daily total dosage rang This medication will be administered 1. Reason for Use of Psychotropic Include DSM-5 diagnosis or the diag	ent. e of manufacturer, as s Orally Injecturer Medication and Benefi	stated in <i>Physician</i> 's ction Other	Desk Reference - Specify:	ce (PDR) or another stan			
2. Alternative mode(s) of treatment other than OR in addition to mode: Some of these would be applicable only in an inpatient environment and/or staff changes Positive redirection and staff interaction Individual and/or group therapy Other Alternatives:							
3. Probable consequences of NOT	receiving the propose	d medication are					
Impairment of Work Activities	☐ Family Rel		[☐ Social Functioning			
Possible increase in symptoms lead Use of seclusion or restraint Limits on access to possessions Limits on personal freedoms Limit participation in treatment and Other Consequences:		☐ Interve		and leisure activities aforcement authorities r others			
Note: These consequences ma unusual situations, little or no ac					also possible that in		
·		-			See Page 2		

Client Initial

Date _____

4. Possible side effects, warnings, and cautions associated with this medication are listed below. This is not an all-inclusive list but is representative of items of potential clinical significance to you. For more information on this medication, you may consult further with your physician or refer to a standard text, such as the PDR. As part of monitoring some of these potential side effects, your physician may order laboratory or other tests. The treatment team will closely monitor individuals who are unable to readily communicate side effects in order to enhance care and treatment.

Continued – Possible side effects, warnings, and cautions associated with this medication.

Most Common Side Effects

The most common side effects include: Abdominal or stomach cramping or pain (mild or moderate); anxiety, nervousness, restlessness, and/or trouble in sleeping; headache; joint or muscle pain; nausea or vomiting; unusual tiredness.

Less Common Side Effects

Check with your doctor as soon as possible if the following less common side effect occurs: Skin rash.

Other less common or rare side effects include: Bleeding, blistering burning, coldness, discoloration of skin, feeling of pressure, hives, infection, inflammation, itching, lumps, numbness, pain, rash, redness, scarring, soreness, stinging, swelling, tenderness, tingling, ulceration, or warmth at site of injection; chills; constipation; cough, hoarseness, runny or stuffy nose, sinus problems, sneezing, and/or sore throat; diarrhea; dizziness; fast or pounding heartbeat; increased thirst; irritability; loss of appetite; sexual problems in males.

Caution

Do not try to overcome the effects of naltrexone by taking narcotics. To do so may cause coma or death. You may be more sensitive to the effects of narcotics than you were before beginning naltrexone therapy.

Naltrexone will not prevent you from becoming impaired when you drink alcohol. Do not take naltrexone in order to drive or perform other activities while under the influence of alcohol.

Tell all medical doctors, dentists, and pharmacists you go to that you are taking naltrexone.

Warning

Black Box Warning:

Hepatic Injury with Excessive Dosing

Naltrexone has the capacity to cause hepatocelullar injury when given in excessive doses. The margin of separation between the apparently safe dose of naltrexone and the dose causing hepatic injury appears to be only five-fold or less. Naltrexone does not appear to be a hepatotoxin at the recommended doses. Naltrexone is contraindicated in acute hepatitis or liver failure, and its use in patients with active liver disease must be carefully considered in light of its hepatotoxic effects.

Patients should be warned of the risk of hepatic injury and advised to stop the use of naltrexone and seek medical attention if they experience symptoms or acute hepatitis.

Syndrome Note

See standard reference text for an all-inclusive list of side effects.	

By my signature below, I GIVE consent for the named medication on Page 1 and anticipated dosage range. My signature also indicates that I understand the following:

- 1. I can refuse to give consent or can withdraw my consent at any time with written notification to the institution director or designee. This will not affect my right to change my decision at a later date. If I withdraw consent after a medication is started, I realize that the medication may not be discontinued immediately. Rather, it will be tapered as rapidly as medically safe and then discontinued so as to prevent an adverse medical consequence, such as seizures, due to rapid medication withdrawal.
- 2. Questions regarding this medication can be discussed with the Interdisciplinary Team, including the physician. The staff contact person can assist in making any necessary arrangements.
- 3. Questions regarding any behavior support plan or behavior intervention plan, which correspond with the use of the medication, can be directed to the client's social worker, case manager, or psychologist.
- 4. I have the right to request a review at any time of my record, pursuant to § 51.30(4)(d) or § 51.30(5)(b).
- 5. I have a legal right to file a complaint if I feel that client rights have been inappropriately restricted. The client's social worker, case manager, or agency/facility client rights specialist may be contacted for assistance.
- 6. My consent permits the dose to be changed within the anticipated dosage range without signing another consent.
- 7. I understand the reasons for the use of the medication, its potential risks and benefits, other alternative treatment(s), and the probable consequences that may occur if the proposed medication is not given. I have been given adequate time to study the information and find the information to be specific, accurate, and complete.
- 8. This medication consent is for a period effective immediately and not to exceed fifteen (15) months from the date of my signature. The need for and continued use of this medication will be reviewed at least quarterly by the Interdisciplinary Team. The goal, on behalf of the client, will be to arrive at and maintain the client at the minimum effective dose.

SIGNATURES			DATE SIGNED				
Client – If Presumed Competent to Consent/Parent of Minor/Guardian (POA-HC)	Relationship to Client Self Parent Guardian (POA-HC)		DATE SIGNED				
Staff Present at Oral Discussion	Title						
Client / Parent of Minor / Guardian (POA-HC) Comments							
As parent/guardian (POA-HC) was not available for signature, he/she was verbally informed of the information in this consent.							
Verbal Consent							
Obtained by – PRINT – Staff Name	Date Obtained	Written Consent Received ☐ Yes ☐ No					
Obtained from – PRINT – Parent / Guardian (POA-HC) Name	Date Expires	Date Received					

3