STATE PLAN UNDER TITLE XIX OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT

State/Territory: WISCONSIN

COST EFFECTIVENESS DETERMINATION FOR PRIVATE HEALTH INSURANCE BUY IN (PHIBI)

This explains our methodology for determining the cost effectiveness of paying health insurance premiums pursuant to Section 4402 of OBRA of 1990.

Using the Claims Processing Assessment System (CPAS) database, the attached tables were developed showing benefit cost differentials between insured and uninsured recipients in various categories of eligibility with the data broken down according to age and sex. These data are the base of cost effectiveness determinations. The average MA cost for the insured person is increased by a factor in order to compensate for the increase in MA payments required by the need to pay for full coinsurance and deductibles. The adjusted MA benefit cost for the insured person is then subtracted from the average MA cost for the uninsured person to give an adjusted MA benefit cost differential. The adjusted MA benefit cost differential for a person in any category depicted on the charts is then reduced by a cost factor to allow for the new administrative costs PHIBI will cause the state to incur.

According to a 12/22/92 letter from Lucille Renaldo to Kevin Piper, the insurance company national average medical service allowed amount is 160 percent of the average MA allowed amount. We will use 165% in order to be conservative in our BUY IN calculations. We will multiply the average MA cost for insured persons, as reflected in the tables, by 1.65 in order to adjust the average cost for full coinsurance/deductible payments. This adjusted amount will then be subtracted from the MA benefit average cost for uninsured persons to produce an adjusted MA benefit cost differential.

New costs of administering health insurance management, in addition to payment of premiums, copayments and deductibles will be experienced;

- Amortization of the new cost of the system needed to administer PHIBI over the life of the current MA fiscal agent contract (\$325,000 over 2.5 years from the anticipated date of implementation of PHIBI with an expected volume equal to 6,000 cases per year, or \$21.67 - rounded to \$22 - per determination).
- The new cost of information gathering and verification (forty five minutes per case at \$20 per hour, or \$15 per determination).
- The new cost of information updating, such as for changes of payee addresses, redeterminations of cost effectiveness if employers change carriers, redeterminations of cost effectiveness if there is a change in the number of recipients being covered by a plan, etc., (flat amount of \$5).
- The cost of insurance reporting incentive payments at the rate of \$10 per person, 1.6 recipients per case, or \$16 per determination, plus \$5 per person for updating to end date coverage on file, \$8 per determination, \$24 total per determination.

The total administrative cos	trequals \$66 per case	e. Cost effectiveness	will, therefore, be	
determined as follows:				
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Cost Effective Amount = MA benefit average cost for uninsured from table
-(MA benefit average cost for insured from table x 1.65)
-\$66 for administrative costs

Following is a practical example of the formula:

A step father can insure himself, his non-eligible wife, their non-eligible four year old daughter and the wife's eligible fourteen year old daughter and 9 year old son at a total cost of \$60 per month. The two eligible persons receive regular AFDC (use the table for Group 1, 2, & 3).

6 Month MA benefit average cost for uninsured 14 year old female
6 Month MA benefit average cost for uninsured 9 year old female
Total adjusted 6 Month MA benefit average cost differential
6 Month Premium Cost

Decision: Accept for payment of premium

ADDITIONAL CRITERIA:

When one or more persons who are eligible for MA can be insured under a plan sponsored by one person and one or more of those eligible has a catastrophic illness, cost effectiveness is presumed, if the individual is not eligible for Medicare. Catastrophic illnesses include, but are not limited to cancer, sickle cell anemia, sickle cell trait, chronic renal failure, liver failure, HIV infection, AIDS, serious cardiac problems, costly residuals of profound injury, etc. If the individual is eligible for Medicare, a case-by-case determination will be made, based on such historical information as is available.

The decision to assume that recipients with catastrophic illness are cost effective to buy in is based on previous experience in the Third Party Liability area, using standard S/UR reports. S/UR reports will be used in course of deciding whether to buy in recipients for insurance. The list of illnesses above defined as catastrophic has been established using our past experience in this area.

For similar reasons, if the only MA recipient in a case is pregnant, cost effectiveness is presumed.

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WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES MEDICAID BENEFIT COST DIFFERENCE BETWEEN INSURED AND UNINSURED RECIPIENTS Dates of Service: April 1, 1990 Through September 30, 1990 Date Source: Claims Processing Assessment System (CPAS)

(Attachment 4.22c, pg 3

GROUP 1, 2, 3 - AFDC, AFDC-U. EXTENDED, AFDC CAT, AND MED NDY, PREGNANT WOMEN, 133, 155 PCT., INTACT FAMILIES, ETC.

6 MONTH DATA							, , , ,	.,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
		jUNINS	URED	\\\ INSURED			H			PCT OF
				H				6 MONTH	SAVED	UNINSURED
		NUMBER OF	TOTAL	AVERAGE \\\	NUMBER OF	TOTAL	AVERAGE \\\	AVERAGE	PER	COST
SEX	AGE	RECIPIENTS	PAID	MA PAID III	RECIPIENTS	PAID	MA PAID \\\	SAVED	MONTH	SAVED
M-F	0-1	20,455	\$15,487,477	\$757 \\\	238	\$52,834	\$222 \\\	\$535	\$89.20	70.7%
M-F	2-5	27,951	11,523,279	418 \\	594	117,577	198 \\\	218	36.30	52.4%
M-F	6-11	30,906	12,423,024	402 \\\	732	119,158	163 \\\	239	39.87	59.5%
M	12-18	9,311	6,770,843	727 \\\	226	93,210	413 \\\	315	52.44	43.3%
F	12-18	11,235	17,719,373	1,577 \\\	290	152,451	528	1,052	175.27	56.7%
M	19-45	9,632	7,996,631	830	77	22,547	291 \\\	539	89.84	64.9%
F	19-45	40,259	75,324,494	1,871 \\\	457	297,161	6 5 0	1,221	203.46	65.2%
M	46+	1,101	1,775,378	1,612 \\\	11	8,662	819	794	132.28	49.2%
F	46+	1,628	2,778,705	1,707 \\\	19	8,329	437 \\\	1,270	211.67	74.4%
				111			. 111			
TOTA	ALS	152,477	\$151,899,204	\$996	2,544	\$871,927	\$330 \\\	\$668	\$111.08	66.9%

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WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES MEDICAIO BENEFIT COST DIFFERENCE BETWEEN INSURED AND UNINSURED RECIPIENTS Dates of Service: April 1, 1990 Through Seatember 30, 1990

Data Source: Claims Processing Assessment System (CPAS)

GRO	UP 4 - A	FDC - FOSTER H	IOMES		(
			MONTH DAT	A						
		UNINS	URED \"\	•	3ED \\\			PCT OF		
•							SAVED			
			AVERAGE III					COST		
SEX	AGE		MA PAID \\\					SAVED		
M-F	0-1	557	\$1,633 \\					N/A		
M-F	2-5	873	1,131 \\\		194 \\\					
M-F	6-11		1,878 \\\					-4.2%		
M	12-18	1,367				-	244.90			
۶	12-18	1,104	3.022 \\\		4,370 \\\		(224.70)			
	19-45	17						N/A		
	19-45	30	7,793 \\\				N/A	N/A		
М	46÷	1						N/A		
F	46÷	. 1	235 \\\		0 ///		N/A	N/A		
			111		<i>III</i>					
TOTA	ALS	5.057	\$2,105 \\\	1 20	\$2,128 \\\	\$580.18	\$113.36	-1.1%		
·	_									
GROU	JP 6 - S	TATE SUBSIQIZE	D ADOPTIONS	_						
			B MONTH DAT							
		1UNINSU	JRED \\\	•				PCT OF		
						6 МОИТН		UNINSURED		
		NUMBER OF			III BDARBVA		PER	COST		
SEX	AGE		MA PAID \\\				MONTH			
M-F	0-1	15	\$750 \\\	0		N/A	N/A	N/A		
M-F	2-5	144	2,466 \\\		44 \\\	2,422	403.71	98.2%		
M-F	6-11	474	1,035 \\\	13	150 \\\	385	147.42	8 5 .5%		
M	12-18	299	1,075 \\\	13	300 111	775	129.12	72.1%		
F	12-18	248	823 \\\	14	863 \\\	(40)	(6.63)	-4.3%		
M	19-45	10	1,830 \\\	2	0 111	1,830	305.05	100.0%		
۶	19-45	6	917 \\\	0	<i>III</i> 0	N/A	N/A	N/A		
M	46 ÷		<i>III</i>		W					
F	46÷		H		H					
			111		H					
TOTA	LS	1,196	\$1,174 \\\	7.7	\$403 \\\	\$772	\$128.50	65.7%		
GROU	18 7 - KA	ATIE BECKETT 	6 MONTH DAT	Δ						
			/// GBR					PCT QF		
		,	<i>III</i>	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	'	6 МОЙТН	SAVED	UNINSURED		
		NUMBER OF		NUMBER OF	AVERAGE III		PER	COST		
SEX	AGE.	RECIPIENTS	i i		MA PAIO III		MONTH	CBVAZ		
M-F	0-1	248	\$3,118 \\\	40	\$3,768 \\\	(650)		-20.3%		
M-F	2-5	461	3,187 \\\	57	3,761 \\\	(574)	(95.73)	-18.0%		
M-F	5-11	464	3,158 \\\	56	±.270 \\\	(1,112)	(185.39)	-35.2%		
		171	2.896 \\\	DE 01	1,930 \\\	966	160.93	33.3%		
M F	12-18	124		:3		146	74.34	13.7%		
	12-18	124	3,245 \\\.	د .	2.799 (1)	440	74.54	13.7.6		
	19-45		///		<i>III</i>					
	19-45		""		m					
M	46÷		<i>'''</i>		111					
F	46 +				<i>III</i>					
TOT :	. ~		111	125	///	106441	10107 201	20.5%		
TOTA		1,469	\$3,134 \\\	; 35	\$3,777 \\\	(2044)	(\$107.28)	-20 5 %		
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	Supersedes TN No. NEW									

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES MEDICAID BENEFIT COST DIFFERENCE BETWEEN INSURED AND UNINSURED RECIPIENTS

Dates of Service: April 1, 1990 Through September 30, 1990 Data Source: Claims Processing Assessment System (CPAS)

GROUP 8 - SSI DISABLED, NOT IN INSTITUTION

6 MONTH DATA								
/// /// /// /// //// ///								
			111		H	6 MONTH	SAVED	UNINSURED -
		NUMBER OF	AVERAGE \\\	NUMBER OF	AVERAGE \\\	AVERAGE	PER	COST
SEX	AGE	RECIPIENTS	MA PAID \\\	RECIPIENTS	MA PAID \\\	SAVED	MONTH	SAVED
M-F	0-1	313	\$16,749 \\\	5	\$5,169 \\\	11,580	\$1,929.98	69.1%
M-F	2-5	1,068	5,917 \\\	17	8,108 \\\	(2,191)	(365.15)	-37.0%
M-F	6- 11	2,061	3,404 \\\	26	1,968 \\\	1,436	239.29	42.2%
М	12-18	1,649	2,789 \\\	12	1,438 \\\	1,351	225.16	48.4%
F	12-18	1,187	3,313 \\\	15	2,538 \i\	776	129.26	23.4%
M	19-45	15,490	2,456 \\\	28	6,517 \\\	(4,061)	(676.83)	-165.4%
F	19-45	13,552	2,975 \\\	40	2,032 \\\	943	157.20	31.7%
M	46 +	7,338	1,922 \\\	8	4,092 \\\	(2,170)	(361.60)	-112.9%
F	45÷	15,121	2,212 \\\	25	4,087 \\\	(1,875)	(312.46)	-84.7%
			III		H			
TOTA	LS	57,778	\$2,648 \\\	175	\$3,792 \\\	(\$1,144)	(\$190.63)	-43.2%

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