

Local Data on Poverty Status and Health Insurance Coverage in Wisconsin Douglas County, 2005-2007

	Estimated Number	95% Confidence Interval	Estimated Percent	95% Confidence Interval
Douglas County Population	43,000		100%	
Poverty Status				
Less than 100% of FPL	3,000	+/- 2,000	7%	+/- 5%
100%-199% of FPL	8,000	+/- 3,000	18%	+/- 7%
200% or more of FPL	30,000	+/- 7,000	70%	+/- 9%
Unknown	2,000	+/- 2,000	5%	+/- 4%
Insurance Status				
Insured all of the past year	39,000	+/- 8,000	92%	+/- 6%
Insured part of the past year	1,000	+/- 1,000	2%	+/- 2%
Uninsured all of the past year	2,000	+/- 2,000	5%	+/- 5%
Primary Insurance Type (please read note below)				
Currently uninsured	2,000	+/- 2,000	5%	+/- 5%
Employer-sponsored	29,000	+/- 7,000	67%	+/- 9%
Private	1,000	+/- 1,000	3%	+/- 3%
Medicaid	6,000	+/- 3,000	14%	+/- 7%
Medicare	3,000	+/- 2,000	6%	+/- 4%
Others	2,000	+/- 1,000	4%	+/- 3%

Source: 2005-2007 Wisconsin Family Health Survey, Bureau of Health Information and Policy, Division of Public Health, Wisconsin Department of Health Services (DHS). Sample size for Douglas County: 118.

Notes:

Estimated numbers have been rounded to nearest 1,000 to avoid unwarranted precision. Estimated percentages have been rounded to nearest whole percentage. A dash (--) indicates 0.5% or less, or fewer than 1,000 persons.

Poverty status is expressed as a percentage of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL), and is based on responses to questions about household size and income.

Insured all of the past year, insured part of the past year or uninsured all year measures health insurance status during the 12 consecutive months prior to the survey interview.

Primary insurance type is a measure of persons insured and uninsured at one point in time. It is a “snapshot” of health insurance coverage at the time of the survey interview. **Some people have multiple types of insurance, but each person is counted only once in this table according to their primary insurance type.** Those with multiple types of insurance are tabulated according to the order of categories in the third panel of this table. For example, someone with both Medicare and private insurance would be counted in the private category. This substantially reduces the estimated number and percent with Medicare coverage, and also slightly reduces estimates of private and Medicaid coverage.

The Wisconsin Family Health Survey is a random-sample telephone survey conducted each year by DHS. An adult in each sampled household answers the survey questions on behalf of all people living in that household. Survey data represent all household residents. Persons living in group quarters such as nursing homes, dormitories, and jails are not represented by survey results. More information about the survey is on the Web: <http://dhs.wisconsin.gov/stats/healthinsurance.htm>

For more information:

Technical Notes for these tables are available at <http://dhs.wisconsin.gov/localdata/fhs/index.htm>

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