

2014, P-00646. This publication was supported by Cooperative Agreement Number 2U17CE523099-11 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the CDC.

Violent Deaths Among WI Western Residents (2004-2011)



CHARACTERISTICS: WESTERN CHARACTERISTICS: WESTERN SUICIDE DEATHS HOMICIDE DEATHS AGE AGE Greatest proportion occurred among 45 to Greatest proportion occurred among victims • • 54-year-olds (21%), followed by 35 to 44aged 25 to 34 (22%) and victims aged 35 to year-olds (17%) 44 (22%) SEX SEX More occurred among males (81%) than More victims were male (54%) than female females (19%) (46%) **TOP 3 MEANS TOP 3 MEANS** Primarily involved firearms (56%), hanging/ Primarily involved firearms (46%), sharp strangulation/suffocation (23%), or instruments (15%), or personal weapons poisoning (17%) (e.g., beating; 10%) **TOP 3 CIRCUMSTANCES TOP 3 CIRCUMSTANCES** Primarily involved interpersonal problem

 Primarily involved interpersonal problem (44%), intimate partner violence-related (40%), and/or alcohol involved (35%)

WESTERN REGION IN COMPARISON TO THE STATE

- Suicides higher percent of deaths involving firearms
- Homicides higher percent of deaths involving interpersonal problems

PREVENTION

Overall, changes in suicide and homicide rates have been modest. Improvement in these rates is warranted considering their costs to society. Examining the characteristics of these deaths, the following may be important to consider for prevention strategies:

- Improving mental health and the availability of services
- Promote strategies to improve firearm safety
- Improving personal relationships and methods to decrease interpersonal conflict
- Decreasing alcohol and other substance issues
- Tailoring interventions to specific age groups or sexes to enhance their effectiveness

DHS Injury Prevention Program: http://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/health/injuryprevention/

 Primarily involved current depressed mood (60%), current or prior mental health issue (51%), and/or interpersonal problem (45%)