

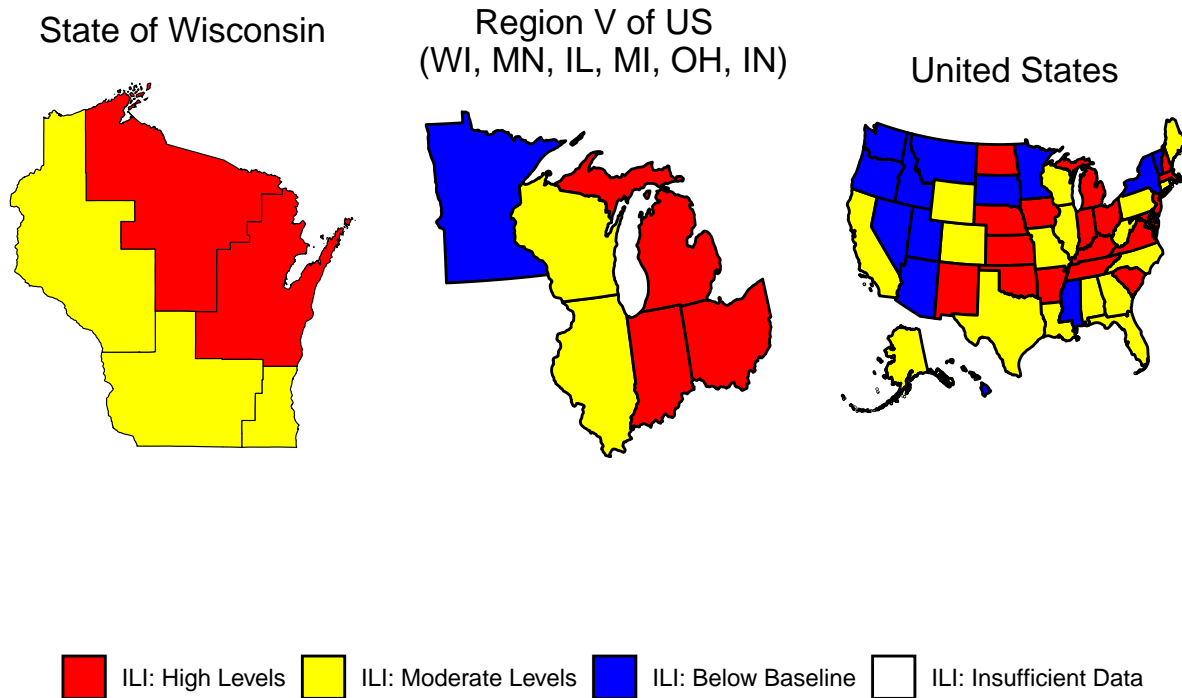


# Respiratory Virus Surveillance Report

Week 9, Ending March 2, 2024

Wisconsin Department of Health Services | Division of Public Health |  
Bureau of Communicable Diseases | Communicable Diseases Epidemiology Section |  
[www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/dph/bcd.html](http://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/dph/bcd.html) | [dhsdphbcd@dhs.wi.gov](mailto:dhsdphbcd@dhs.wi.gov)

# Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Activity



## Weekly Respiratory Virus Data, At-A-Glance

### Predominant virus of the week:

Influenza

#### Key Messages:

- Influenza-like illness activity is at moderate or high levels in every region of Wisconsin and influenza is the predominant virus of the week.
- While influenza activity is increasing, RSV and COVID-19 are decreasing.
- Influenza A and B are co-circulating, the majority of influenza viruses are influenza B.

#### Influenza-associated pediatric deaths reported:

	Week 9, 2024	Since September 3
<i>Wisconsin</i>	0	0
<i>Nationwide</i>	10	103

For National US influenza surveillance statistics visit: [www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/](http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/)

# Respiratory Virus and Pneumonia-Associated Mortality

Percent of deaths associated with influenza, RSV, COVID-19, or pneumonia by week, Vital Records



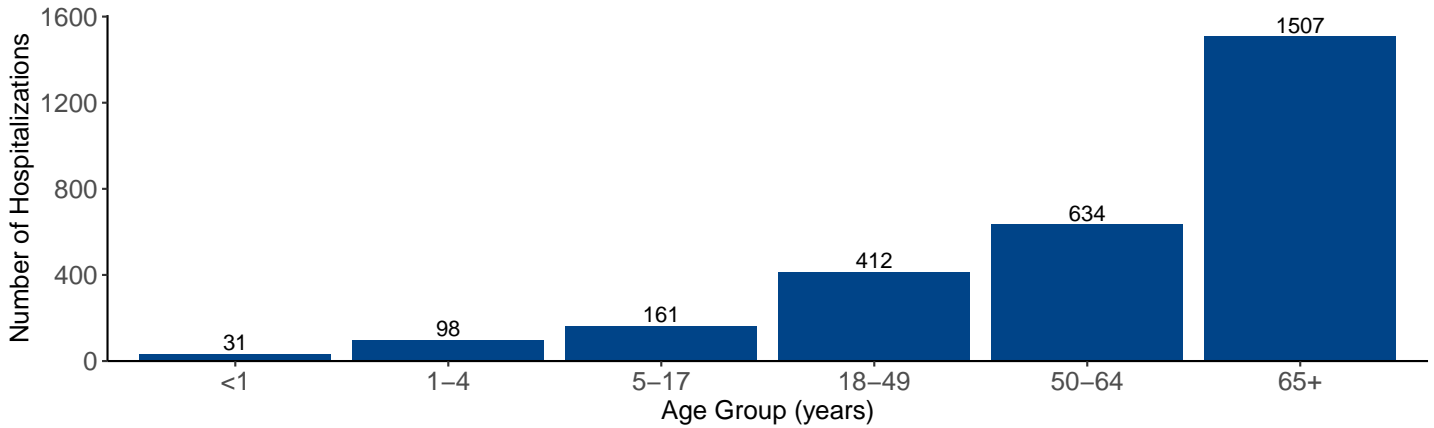
Respiratory virus and pneumonia associated deaths by most recent 3-week period, Vital Records

Season week	Pneumonia (P)	Influenza (I)	COVID-19 (C)	RSV (R)	P, I, C or R	Percent PICR of all
7	61	10	29	3	88	8%
8	57	8	24	0	79	7%
9	66	7	19	1	80	9%

# Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations

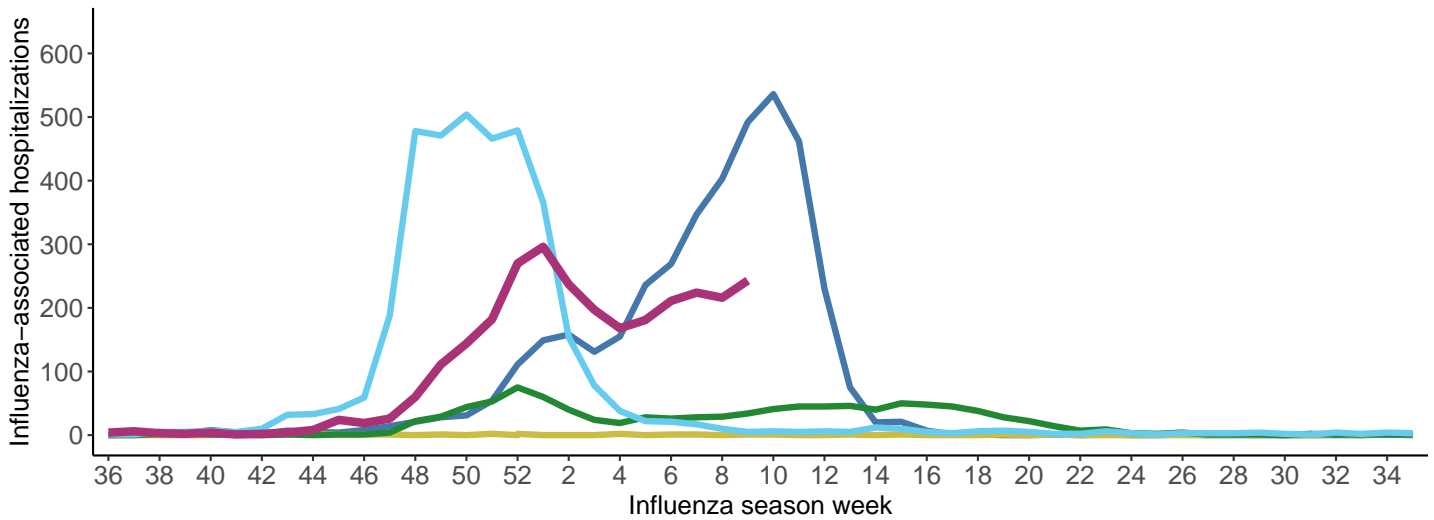
## Influenza-associated hospitalizations by age group, WEDSS

September 3, 2023 to present



## Weekly influenza-associated hospitalizations by influenza season, WEDSS

— 2019–2020 — 2020–2021 — 2021–2022 — 2022–2023 — 2023–2024

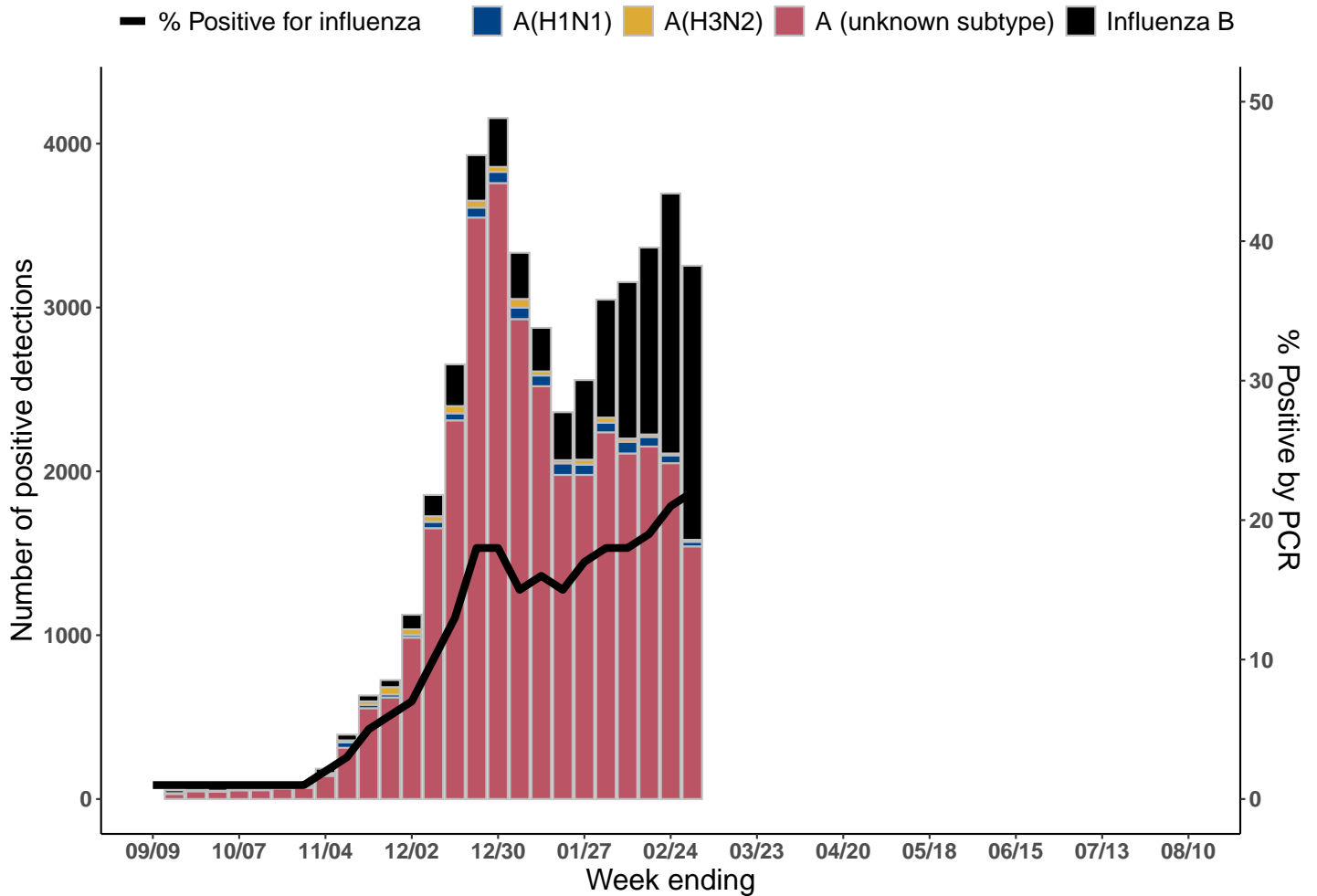


Influenza Season	Cumulative Hospitalizations Through Week 9	Entire Season
2019-2020	2645	4002
2020-2021	18	28
2021-2022	525	1021
2022-2023	3496	3609
2023-2024	2843	-

These data are preliminary and subject to change as more information is received.

# Wisconsin Laboratory Surveillance

## Wisconsin positive influenza results and subtypes by PCR, NREVSS

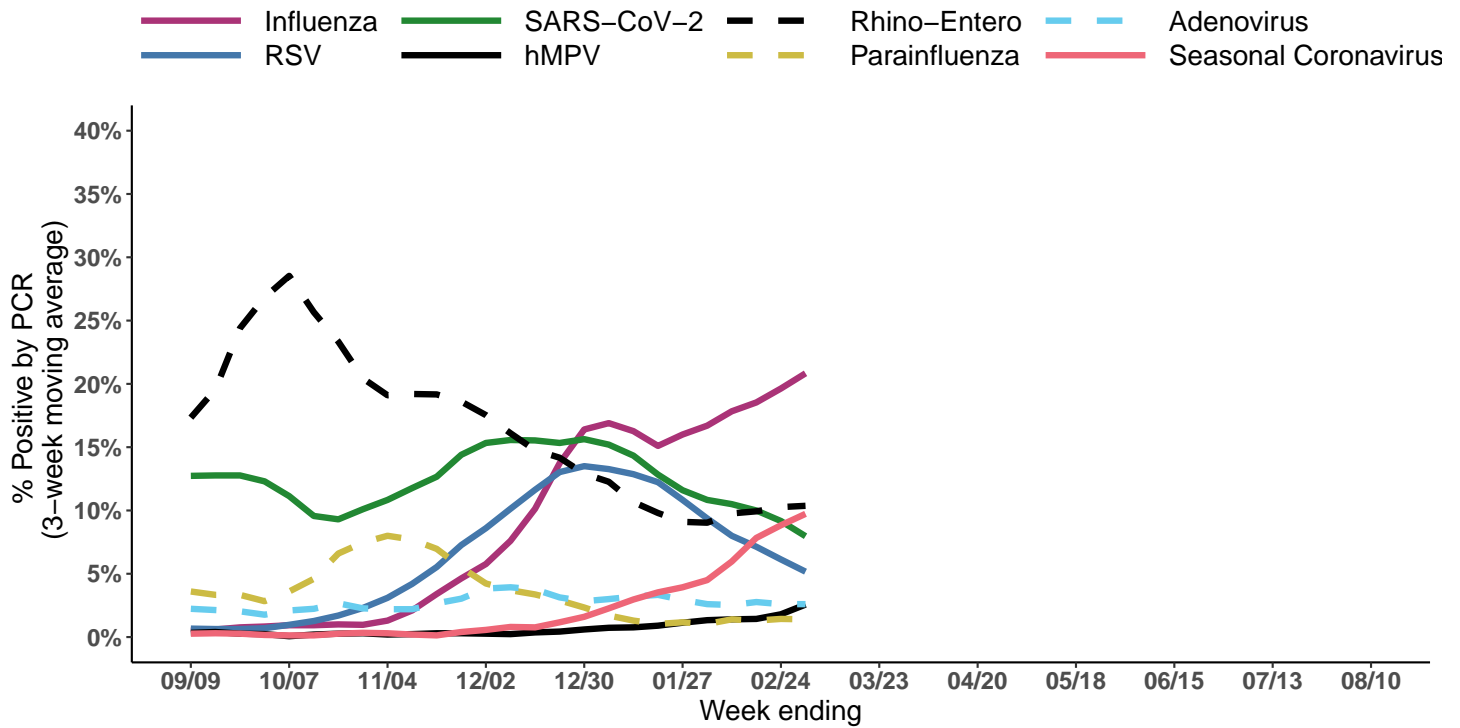


Cumulative number of positive influenza PCR tests by subtype, NREVSS  
September 3, 2023 to present

Measure	Influenza A(H1N1)pdm2009	Influenza A(H3N2)	Influenza A Unknown	Influenza B	Total
Total positive (n)	915	508	33739	8724	43886
% of total positive	2%	1%	77%	20%	100%

# Wisconsin Laboratory Surveillance for Respiratory Viruses

Percent positivity of respiratory viruses tested by PCR, NREVSS



Number and percent positivity of respiratory viruses tested by PCR, NREVSS  
Week 9, Ending on March 02, 2024

Respiratory virus	Tested	Positive (n)	Positive (%)	H3N2	2009 H1N1	Unknown	Influenza B
Influenza	14,877	3,255	21.9%	12	29	1,541	1,673

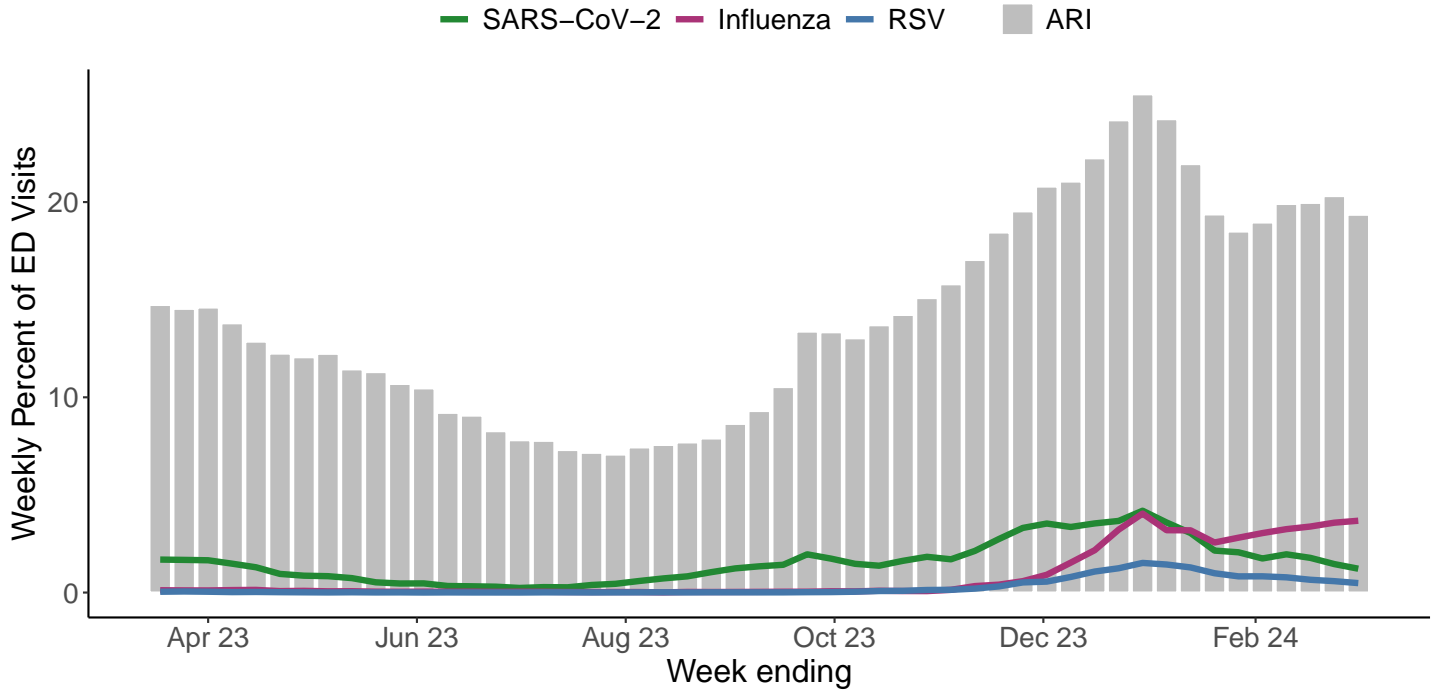
  

Respiratory virus	Tested	Positive (n)	Positive (%)	Parainfluenza 1	Parainfluenza 2	Parainfluenza 3	Parainfluenza 4
Parainfluenza	830	17	2%	3	2	8	4

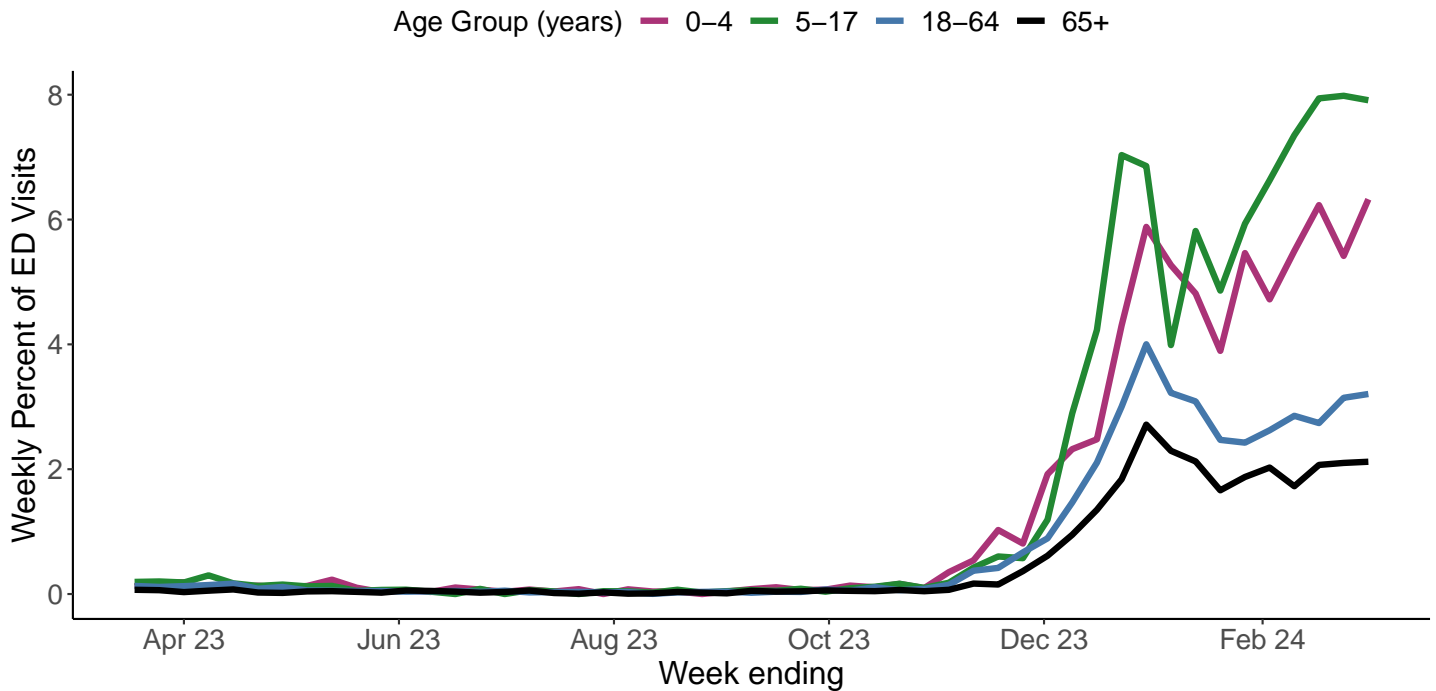
Respiratory virus	Tested	Positive (n)	Positive (%)
Respiratory Syncytial Virus	11,261	478	4.2%
Adenovirus	857	23	2.7%
Seasonal Coronavirus	792	87	11%
HMPV	857	32	3.7%
Rhinovirus/Enterovirus	1,550	166	10.7%
COVID-19	15,875	1,060	6.7%

# Respiratory Virus Activity in the Emergency Department (ED)

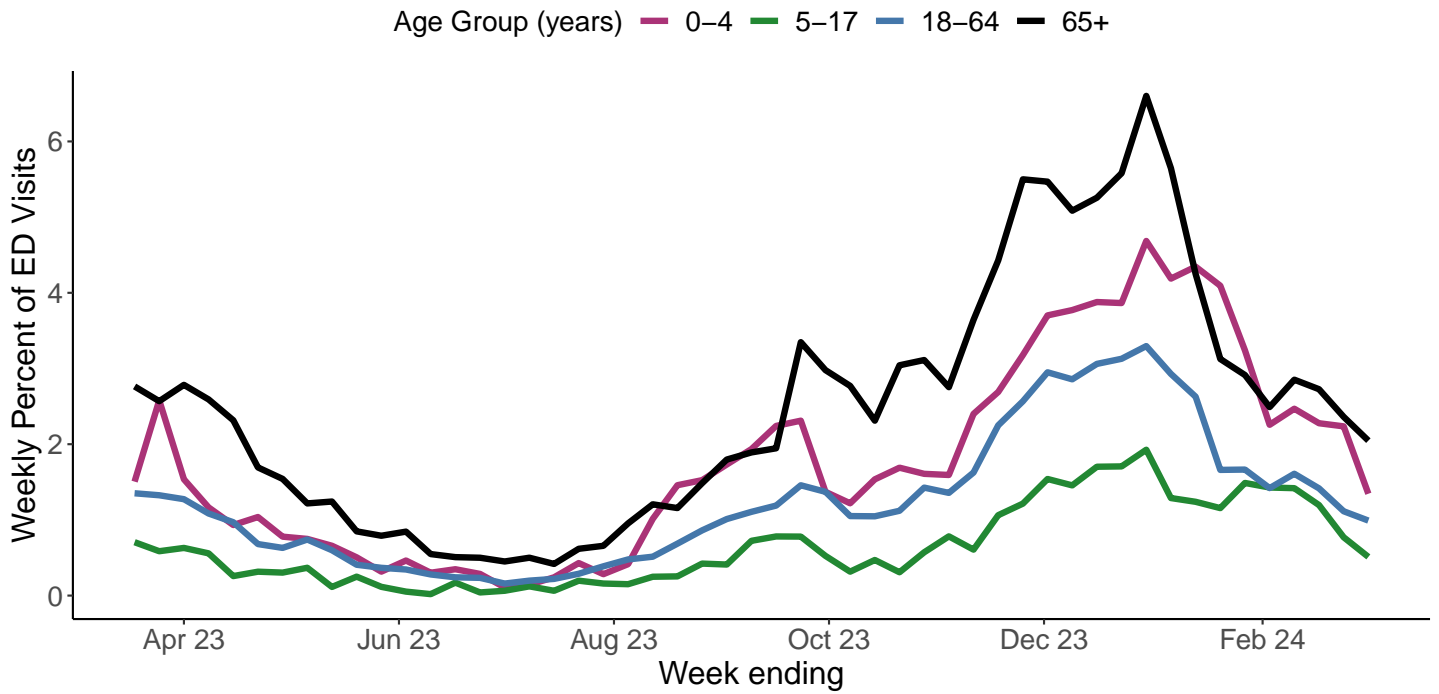
Percent of ED visits with a diagnosis for a respiratory virus or acute respiratory infection (ARI), NSSP



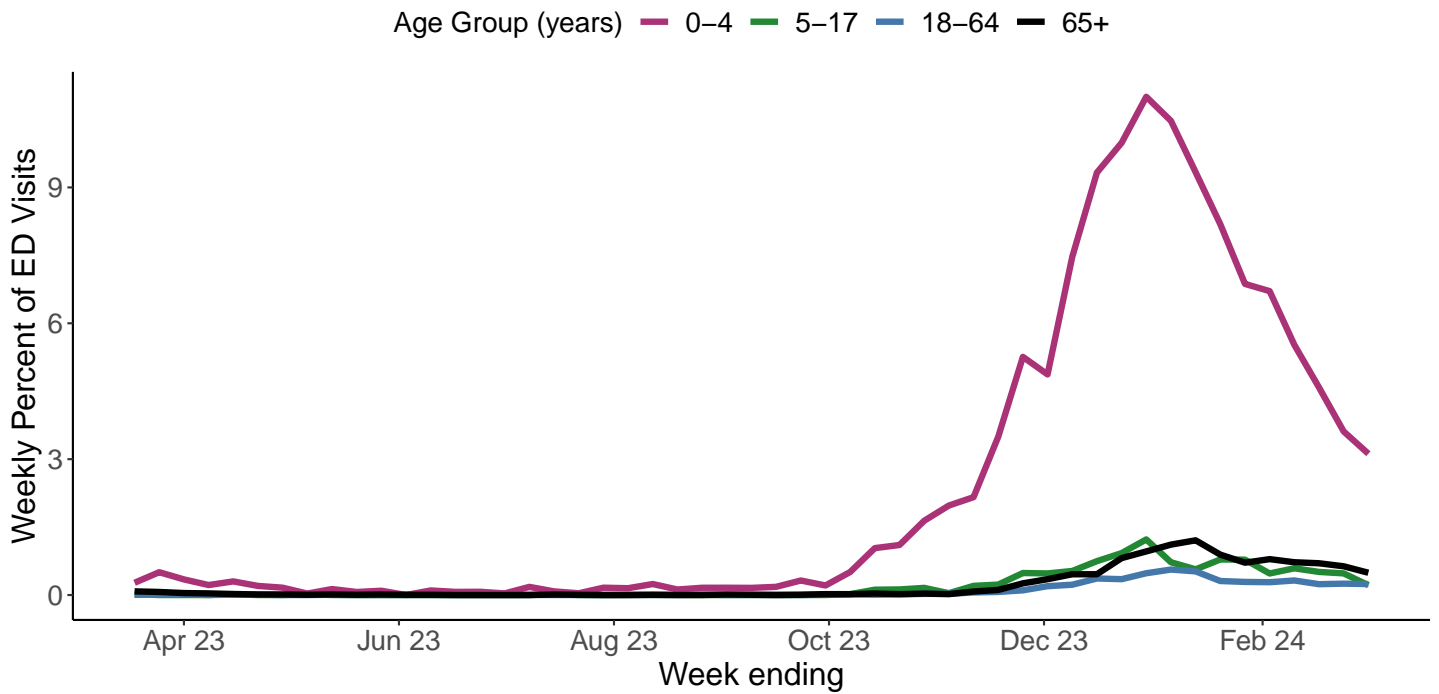
Percent of ED visits with a diagnosis for influenza by age group, NSSP



Percent of ED visits with a diagnosis for SARS-CoV-2 by age group, NSSP



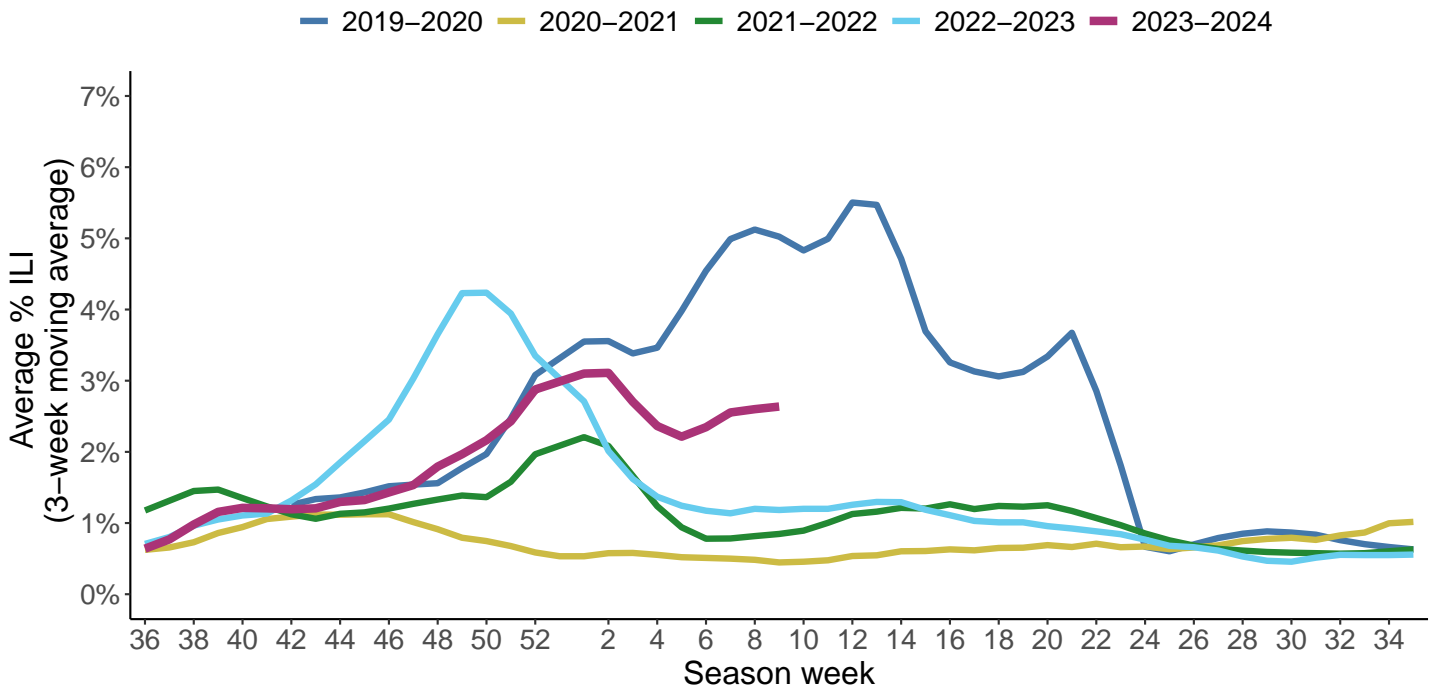
Percent of ED visits with a diagnosis for RSV by age group, NSSP





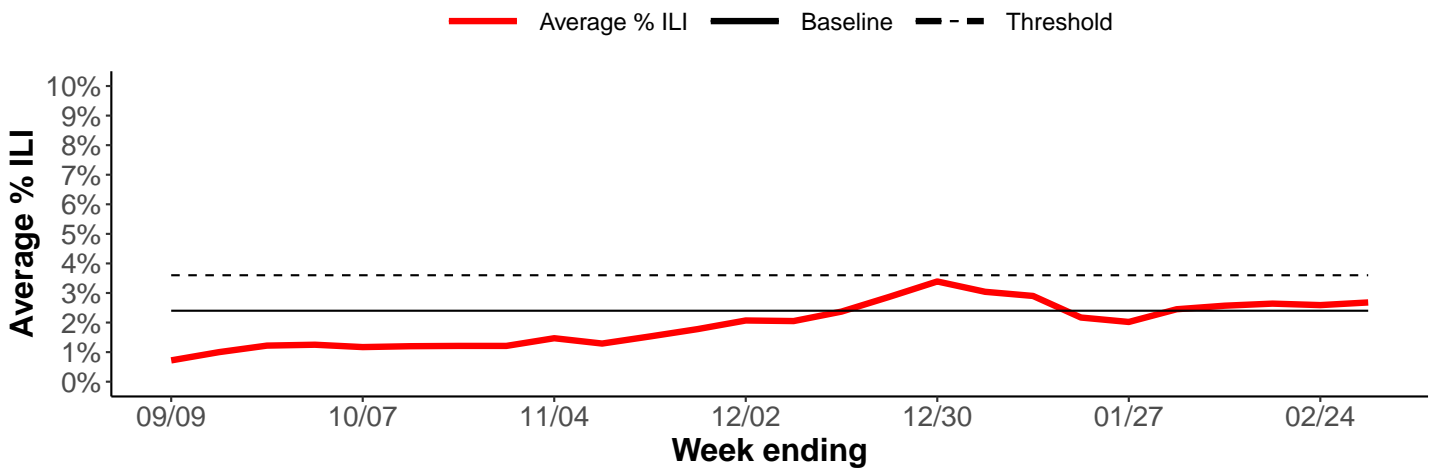
# Wisconsin ILI Activity

Three-week average percent of visits for ILI by influenza season, ILINET

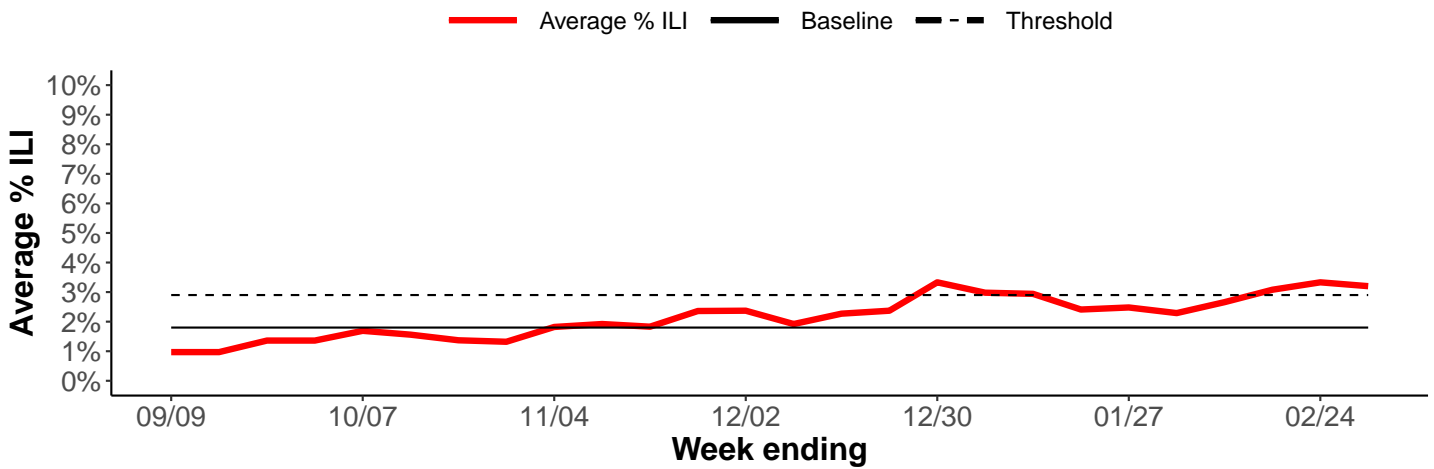


Average percent of visits for ILI by public health region, ILINET

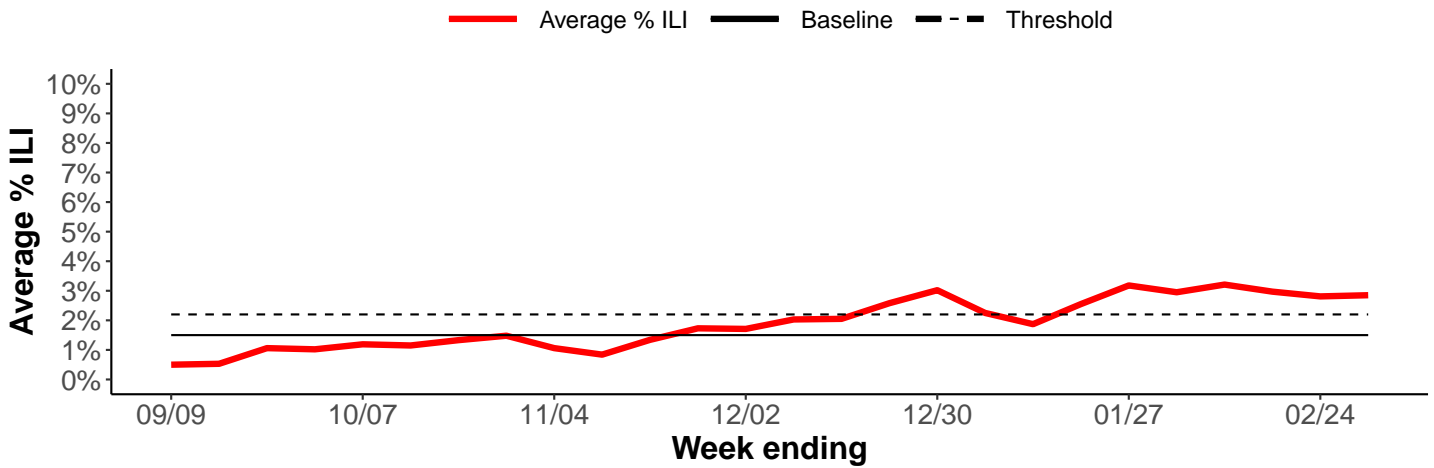
## Wisconsin



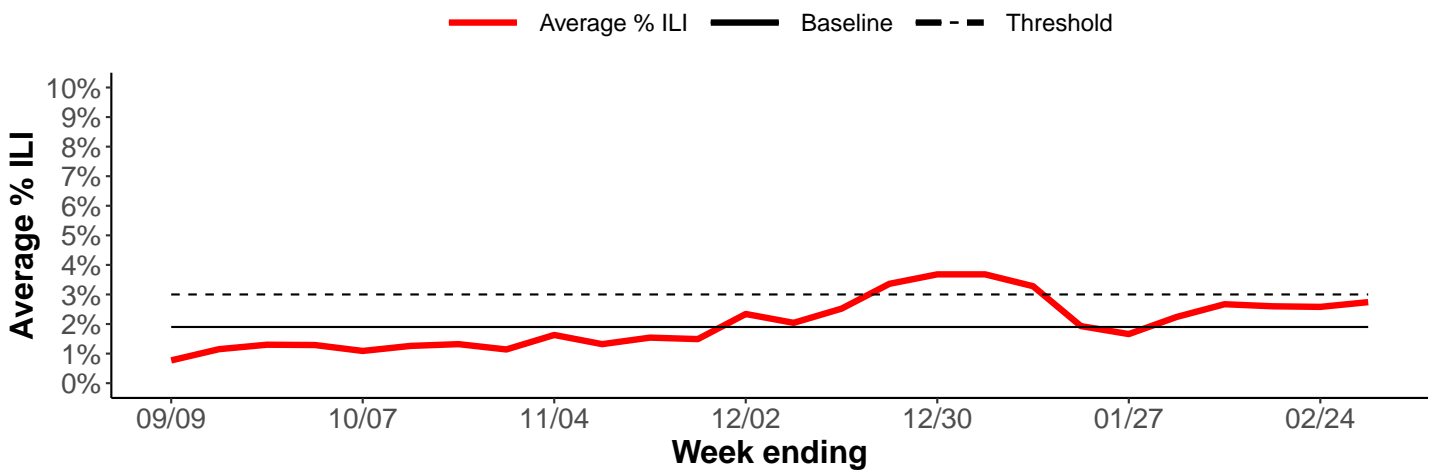
### Northeastern Region



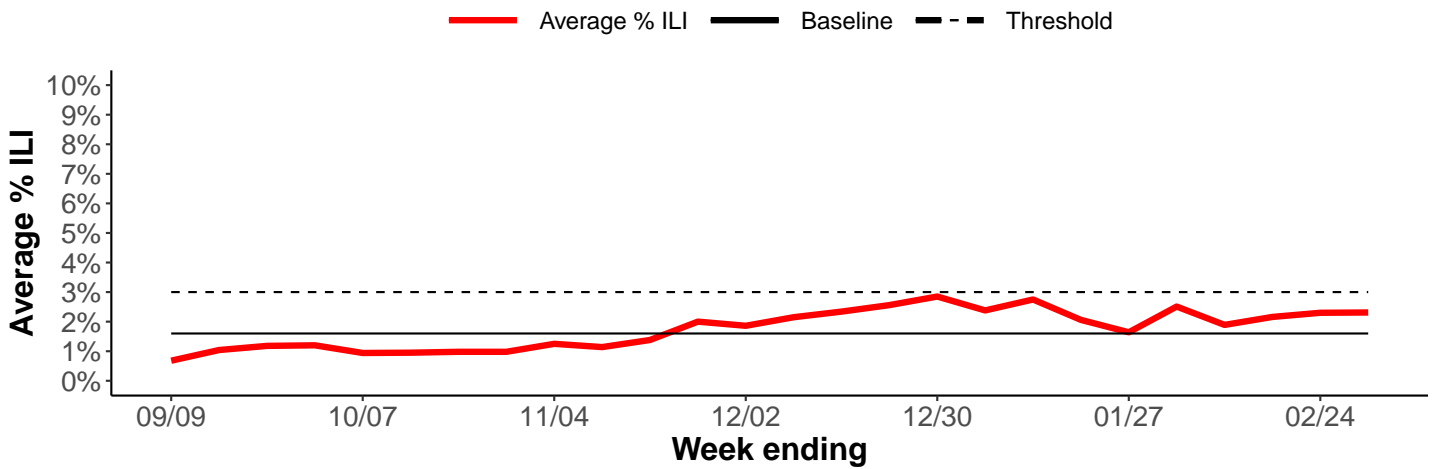
### Northern Region



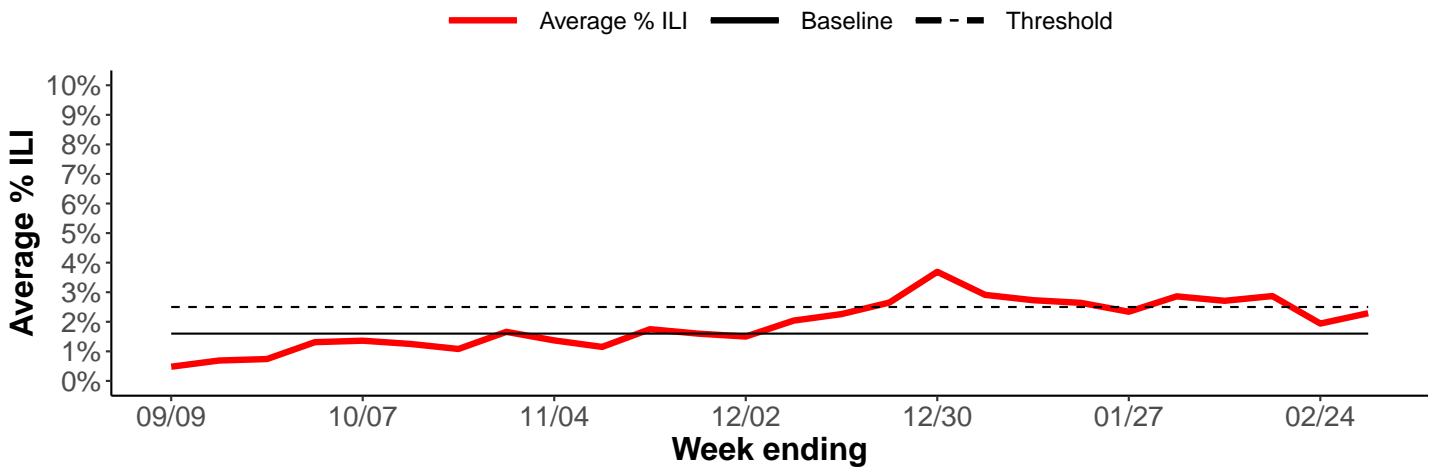
### Southeastern Region



### Southern Region



### Western Region



# Understanding the Data

## Surveillance Report Description

<b>Influenza-like Illness (ILI)</b>	Patients who present to a clinician with a fever $\geq 100$ degrees F and either a cough or sore throat.
<b>Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Activity</b>	Using baseline (expected value data used for comparison) in each of the public health regions in Wisconsin ( <a href="https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/lh-depts/counties/index.htm">https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/lh-depts/counties/index.htm</a> ), ILI below baseline is considered low activity, ILI between baseline and threshold levels is considered moderate activity and above threshold is considered high activity. (1)
<b>Acute Respiratory Illness (ARI)</b>	ARI is a broad definition designed to capture all diagnoses related to respiratory illness, including SARS-CoV-2, influenza, pneumonia, and cough
<b>Predominant virus of the week</b>	These data are compiled from over 40 laboratories in Wisconsin that perform rt-PCR testing, and shows the viruses that have the highest percentage of positive tests.(2)
<b>Influenza-Associated Pediatric Mortality</b>	Deaths among children $< 18$ years old, with influenza as the cause of associated cause of death. This is a state and nationally reportable condition. (3)
<b>Deaths Due to Pneumonia, SARS-CoV-2, Influenza and RSV</b>	Proportion of deaths due to pneumonia, RSV, influenza, and SARS-CoV-2 are extracted from Vital Records managed by the Office of Health Informatics through ICD-10 codes and death certificate text searches. (4)
<b>Respiratory Viruses by PCR</b>	A molecular laboratory method used to detect nucleic acid (DNA/RNA) in viruses, including influenza and RSV.
<b>Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations</b>	Patients hospitalized for $> 24$ hours with a laboratory-identified (by rapid antigen or rt-PCR tests) influenza.(3)
<b>Emergency Department Data</b>	These data are from the National Syndromic Surveillance Program or NSSP. Visit information from almost all EDs in Wisconsin are reported from hospital electronic medical records to NSSP in near-real-time. Diagnoses used included the CDC Broad Acute Respiratory DD v1, the CDC COVID-Specific DD v1, CDC Influenza DD v1, and the CDC Respiratory Syncytial Virus DD v1.(5)

### Additional Resources

- The CDC Influenza Homepage (<https://www.cdc.gov/flu/>)
- The National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) (<https://www.cdc.gov/surveillance/nrevss/index.html>)

### Data Sources

1. CDC Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet)
2. Wisconsin Laboratory Information Network and CDC National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS)
3. Wisconsin Electronic Disease Surveillance System (WEDSS)
4. Division of Public Health, Office of Health Informatics, Vital Records
5. National Syndromic Surveillance Program (NSSP) data from ESSENCE (Electronic Surveillance System for Early Notification of Community Based Epidemics).