# Taking Action with Social Determinants of Health Frameworks and Tools

Public health has traditionally focused on health care and individual knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors as the main factors that determine health and health outcomes. Over the years, our understanding has grown to recognize the significant impact that economic, social, and environmental circumstances have on health. The socio-ecological model and ten essential public health services are frameworks that can be used to develop strategies that address the social determinants of health (SDoH) and improve health for people experiencing the worst outcomes.

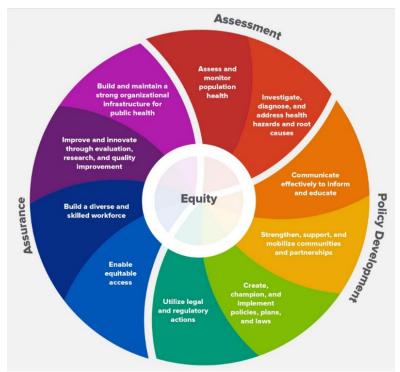
# **10** essential public health services

In addition to the socio-ecological model, the ten essential public health services framework can also be used to develop strategies that address SDoH. The CDC developed a short, two-page resource with concrete examples of how to address the social determinants of health within each of the essential services:

> Ten Essential Public Health Services and How They Can Include Addressing Social Determinants of Health Inequities

# The socio-ecological model

Similar to the concept of SDoH, the socio-ecological model highlights a number of different factors that create health outcomes. This model shows that individual, interpersonal, community, organizational, and policy factors combine to influence health outcomes and behaviors. This model is also useful for identifying ways to address conditions at each layer that contribute to health outcomes.







Graphic based on Multnomah Healthy Homes Policy Toolkit

Multnomah County Environmental Health: Healthy Homes Policy Toolkit

#### SDoH resources for different levels of the socio-ecological model



#### Organizational

Health Departments

- Policy Resources to<br/>Support SDoHImage: Control<br/>and Prevention (CDC)
- Resources on policies that support a multisector approach to improving health

#### Health in All Policies: <u>A Guide for State</u> and Local Governments

American Public Health Association (APHA) and Public Health Institute (PHI)

- Examples of crosssector approaches that have been implemented
- with a Commitment to Health Equity
  Health Affairs
  Examples from local health departments
  Health Equity Guide Webinar Series
  Human Impact Partners (HIP)
- Examples of how health departments have advanced health equity

#### <u>Find Materials to</u> Advance Your Work

HealthEquityGuide.org

 Database of resources to advance strategic practices

#### Community

#### 2021 Annual Celebration

United Way Brown County

 Examples of community-based organizations collaborating on public health efforts

### A Practitioner's

#### Guide for

Advancing Health Equity CDC

**]**≡∥

 Examples of community-based strategies for preventing chronic disease



#### More from the CDC:

### The Socio-Ecological Model: A Framework for Violence Prevention

Example of using the model to understand a range of factors that put people at risk of violence, or that protect them from experiencing or perpetrating violence

#### Tools for Putting Social Determinants of Health into Action

Tools and resources to help practitioners take action to address SDoH

#### <u>CDC Programs Addressing Social Determinants</u> <u>of Health</u>

Examples of programs working across sectors (such as housing, education, and transportation) and in partnership with communities

## Other national examples:

#### **Case Studies**

HealthEquityGuide.org Examples health equity work from local health departments across the nation

#### Wisconsin-specific resources:

Painting the Picture of Wisconsin's Health: 2020 Statewide Health Assessment

Department of Health Services current SHA

#### 2021 Wisconsin Population Health and Equity Report Card

UW Population Health Institute

A call to action to better understand the health of our communities and implement strategies to ensure all people can live their healthiest lives

#### Social, Economic, and Educational Factors that Influence Health

Wisconsin Center for Health Equity Definitions and examples of major changeable economic and social factors related to health

