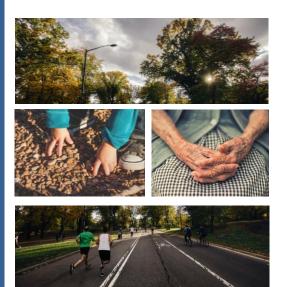


Wisconsin Public Health Profiles 2016 | Wisconsin



Office of Health Informatics Division of Public Health Wisconsin Department of Health Services

August 2016 | p-45358-16



BIRTH OUTCOMES

Normal birthweight babies: 92.6% of live births (2,500+ grams)

ACCESS TO HIGH QUALITY HEALTH SERVICES

Preventable hospitalizations: 13.2 per 1,000 population

(For conditions where timely and effective ambulatory care can reduce likelihood of

hospitalization)

SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Deaths related to alcohol and other drugs: 179.3 per 100,000 population

(Alcohol, tobacco, or other drugs listed on death certificate as underlying or contributing cause. May reflect mention of multiple substances.)

Public Health Profiles, Wisconsin 2016, presents selected data on population characteristics, natality, mortality, morbidity, local health departments, long-term care, and hospitalizations for Wisconsin residents for calendar year 2014. Data were selected to profile important aspects of public health for the state as a whole, each of the 72 counties, the five Division of Public Health regions, the seven perinatal regions, all sub-county local health departments, and cities with a population over 35,000.



Natality data are drawn from birth certificates maintained by the Vital Records Section, Division of Public Health. This report presents data from the calendar year 2014.

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DATA DETAILS

These data include characteristics of the infant and pregnancy (birthweight, delivery method, birth order, trimester of first prenatal care visit, and number of prenatal care visits) and attributes of the mother (age, marital status, education, race/ethnicity, and smoking status).

Data include records on all births to state residents, including those that occur outside Wisconsin. Out-of-state records are obtained from the state of occurrence. Thus, county birth data include all births to county residents regardless of where the births occurred.

OTAL BIRTHS		
Total live births		67,119
Crude live birth rate (per 1,000)		11.7
General fertility rate (per 1,000)		61.8
REGNANCY CHARACTERIST		
Delivery Type	Births	%
Vaginal after prev. cesarean	1,807	3.0
Other vaginal	44,900	67.0
Primary cesarean	10,205	15.0
Repeat cesarean	7,247	11.0
Cesarean (unk. repeat/primary)	54	0.1
Vaginal vacuum	2,363	4.0
Forceps	449	1.0
Other/Unknown	94	0.1
Prenatal Care Visits		
No visits	361	1.0
1-4	2,072	3.0
5-9	11,067	16.0
10-12	23,847	36.0
13+	27,120	40.0
Unknown	2,652	4.0
First Prenatal Care Visit		
1st trimester	50,626	75.0
2nd trimester	11,185	17.0
3rd trimester	2,534	4.0
No visits	372	1.0
Unknown	2,402	4.0

MATERNAL CHARACTERISTICS		
MATERNAL CHARACTERISTICS Marital	Diatha	%
manna	Births	
Married	41,550	62.0
Not	25,264	38.0
Unknown	305	0.5
Education		
Elementary or less	2,449	4.0
Some high school	5,156	8.0
High school graduate	16,521	25.0
Some college	20,518	31.0
College graduate	22,228	33.0
Unknown	247	0.4
Smoking		
Smoker	11,663	17.0
Nonsmoker	55,060	82.0
Unknown	396	0.5
INFANT CHARACTERISTICS		
Birthweight	Births	%
< 1,500 gm	891	1.3
1,500-2,499 gm	4,034	6.0
2,500+ gm	62,177	92.6
Unknown	17	0.0
Birth Order		
First	24,825	37.0
Second	21,836	33.0
Third	11,477	17.0
Fourth or higher	8,890	13.0
Unknown	91	0.1
Reported congenital anomalies ¹	403	0.6

Trimostor of First Dropotal Visit

MATERNAL CHARACTERISTICS AND BIRTH OUTCOMES

MATERNAL CHARACTERISTICS AND	BIRTH OUTCOMES					Irimeste	er of First P	renatal Vi	sit	
	All Bir	ths	LB	w	1st		2nd		Other/L	Jnk.
Race/Ethnicity	Births	%	Births	%	Births	%	Births	%	Births	%
White	48,794	73.0	3,180	6.5	39,170	80.0	6,471	13.0	3,153	6.0
Black/African-American	6,568	10.0	922	14.0	3,874	59.0	1,763	27.0	931	14.0
American Indian	727	1.0	42	5.8	441	61.0	200	28.0	86	12.0
Hispanic/Latino	6,371	9.0	425	6.7	4,095	64.0	1,584	25.0	692	11.0
Asian	3,061	5.0	222	7.3	1,991	65.0	795	26.0	275	9.0
Two or more races	1,301	2.0	105	8.1	897	69.0	279	21.0	125	10.0
Other/Unknown	297	0.4	29	9.8	158	53.0	93	31.0	46	15.0
		Fertility rate								
Age	Births	(per 1,000)	Births	%	Births	%	Births	%	Births	%
< 15	36		5	13.9	13	36	11	31.0	12	33.0
15-17	822	7.0	99	12.0	415	50	277	34.0	130	16.0
18-19	2,555	34.0	234	9.2	1,536	60	719	28.0	300	12.0
20-24	13,427	67.0	1,077	8.0	9,059	67	3,050	23.0	1,318	10.0
25-29	21,059	121.0	1,431	6.8	16,314	77	3,298	16.0	1,447	7.0
30-34	19,890	108.0	1,330	6.7	16,055	81	2,504	13.0	1,331	7.0
35-39	7,822	47.0	605	7.7	6,142	79	1,070	14.0	610	8.0
40+	1,507	9.0	144	9.6	1,091	72	256	17.0	160	11.0
Unknown	1		0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Teen Births	3,413	18.0								

DEFINITIONS

Birthweight - infant weight at time of delivery (reported here in grams).

Live birth - complete expulsion or extraction of an infant from its mother, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, which after such separation breathes or shows any other evidence of life, such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles.

Low birthweight (LBW) - birthweight of a liveborn infant of less than 2,500 gm (5lbs, 8oz) regardless of gestational age.

Smoking status - a mother is defined as a smoker if she reports smoking cigarettes at any time during or three months prior to the pregnancy. This is not comparable to Wisconsin data on maternal smoking for births prior to 2011.

Teen birth - births in which the mother was less than 20 years old.

MEASURES

Crude live birth rate - number of live births per 1,000 population.

General fertility rate - number of live births per 1,000 women of childbearing age (15-44).

Age-specific fertility rate - number of births to women in an age category, per 1,000 women of that age.

Teen fertility rate - number of live births to females under 20 years of age per 1,000 females age 15-19.

NOTES

¹ Live births with reported congenital anomalies. Due to the change in Wisconsin birth data collection beginning in 2011, the number of live births with reported congenital anomalies in 2011 and subsequent years cannot be compared with the number in 2010 and earlier years.

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B DEATHS

Mortality data are drawn from three sources maintained by the Vital Records Section, Division of Public Health: death certificates, infant death certificates matched with the corresponding birth certificates, and fetal death reports (deaths of fetuses of at least 20 weeks of gestation). This report presents data from the calendar year 2014.

TOTAL DEATHS

DATA DETAILS

This report presents Wisconsin resident data (deaths of Wisconsin residents). The majority of these deaths occurred in Wisconsin, although death certificates of Wisconsin residents are received from other states and countries as well. Deaths have been assigned to the area where the person lived (usually legal residence), regardless of where the death occurred.

PERINATAL MORTALITY Total perinatal mortality Neonatal Fetal	Deaths 594 277 317	Rate (per 1,000) 8.8 1.5 4.7
INFANT MORTALITY Total infant mortality Neonatal Postneonatal Birthweight < 1,500 gm 1,500-2,499 gm 2,500+ gm Unknown Race of Mother White Black Hispanic Asian	Deaths 380 277 103 219 50 105 6 240 82 31 0	Rate (per 1,000) 5.7 4.1 1.5 245.8 12.4 1.7 . 4.9 12.5 4.9
Other/Unknown	27	11.6

Total deaths	50,110	
Crude death rate (per 100,000)	871.8	
CHILD AND ADULT MORTALITY		Rate
Age	Deaths	(per 100,000)
1-4	57	20.8
5-14	83	11.3
15-19	167	43.7
20-34	1,073	94.6
35-54	3,842	255.3
55-64	5,831	748.5
65-74	8,123	1,680.3
75-84	12,137	4,613.1
85+	18,417	14,401.2
Selected Underlying Causes		
Heart disease (total)	11,066	192.5
Ischemic heart disease	6,484	112.8
Cancer (total)	11,277	196.2
Trachea/Bronchus/Lung	2,929	51.0
Colorectal	949	16.5
Female breast*	733	25.3
Cerebrovascular disease	2,467	42.9
Lower respiratory disease	2,742	47.7
Pneumonia and influenza	981	17.1
Accidents	2,939	51.1
Motor vehicle	534	9.3
Diabetes	1,331	23.2
Infectious/Parasitic diseases	929	16.2
Suicide	755	13.1
Alcohol and Drug Abuse as Underlying		
or Contributing Cause of Death		
Alcohol	1,173	20.4
Tobacco use	8,366	145.5
Other drugs	767	13.3

* Based on female deaths from breast cancer and female population.

DEFINITIONS

Cause of death - reported underlying cause of death, as recorded on death certificates. The categories and ICD-10 codes are listed in the Technical Notes.

Fetal death - death occurring prior to the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a product of conception; the fetus shows no signs of life such as beating of the heart, pulsation of the umbilical cord, or definite movement of voluntary muscles. Only deaths of fetuses of at least 20 weeks of gestation must be reported in Wisconsin. Fetal death reports do not include induced abortions.

Infant death - death of a live-born individual less than one year of age. Neonatal death - death of a live-born infant less than four weeks (28 days) of age.

Perinatal deaths - neonatal deaths plus all reported fetal deaths of 20 or more weeks of gestation.

Postneonatal death - death of an infant between four weeks (28 days) and one year of age.

MEASURES

Crude death rate - number of deaths per 100,000 population.

Crude cause-specific death rate - number of deaths from a cause per 100,000 population.

Death rate by age - number of deaths in an age group per 100,000 population in that age group.

Neonatial, postneonatal, and infant death rates - number of deaths per 1,000 live births.

Fetal and perinatal death rates - number of deaths per 1,000 live births and fetal deaths.

Race-specific and age-specific infant death rates - deaths per 1,000 live births in that race or weight category.

NOTES

Alcohol and Drug Abuse as Underlying or Contributing Cause of Death provides a count of deaths with any mention of alcohol, tobacco use, or other drugs on the death certificate. A death with more than one of these causes mentioned is counted for each one. For instance, a death that mentions both alcohol and tobacco will be counted in both categories.

Hospitalizations

Hospitalization data are obtained from hospital inpatient discharge files prepared by the Health Analytics Section, Division of Public Health (DPH), from data collected by the Wisconsin Hospital Association Information Center. This report presents data from the calendar year 2014.

DATA DETAILS

Diagnostic definitions used for the categories are based on the principal diagnosis. Hospitalizations are measured as inpatient discharges. Hospitalizations for an individual can occur more than once due to multiple admissions and transferring between hospitals. The diagnoses most affected by transfers are malignant neoplasms, mental disorders, cerebrovascular disease, coronary heart disease, and injury-related diagnoses.

Prior to 2011, information was not reported on Wisconsin residents hospitalized out of state. As a result, the hospital data for border counties were incomplete, since residents of these counties may receive a significant amount of care from out-of-state facilities. Beginning in 2011, the Public Health Profiles include records for Wisconsin residents treated in Minnesota hospitals. Therefore, counts and rates of hospitalizations in the affected counties changed substantially and caution is advised when comparing across data years. Counts and rates remain underestimated for those counties whose residents receive a significant amount of care in Iowa, Michigan, or Illinois hospitals.

CasesCasesper capitaCases (per 1.00)LosAverageChargeChargeAge14.2\$30.060\$3.13110.187.5871.34.4\$30.200\$40.1918-44142.72572.13.5\$20.760\$1.4986542.0392.35.9\$38.076\$38.93345-64143.7772.13.5\$20.760\$1.4986542.0392.35.9\$38.076\$38.93365+213.996244.74.7\$36.503\$3.933Coronary Heart DiseaseCoronary Heart Disease5.95\$4.183.7\$69.110\$2.6\$4.17\$2.650\$5.95\$4.14\$36.339\$597NLWF-RELATEDresVarageper capita\$6.549.9433.83.7\$69.110\$2.6\$4.1\$3.63\$59711/14'9.3018.64.7\$42.150\$362\$6549.9433.64\$45.44\$65\$11.1\$65\$65\$16.09\$65\$15.00\$16\$65\$16.00\$65 </th <th>TOTAL HOSPITALIZAT</th> <th>IONS</th> <th>Rate</th> <th></th> <th>Average</th> <th>Charge</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	TOTAL HOSPITALIZAT	IONS	Rate		Average	Charge						
Age DIABETES		Cases	(per 1,000)	LOS	charge	per capita	Cause by selected age group		Rate		Average	Charge
<16 99.159 75.5 3.6 \$15,450 \$11,464 Total 7,587 1.3 4.4 \$30,200 \$40 18-44 143,747 90.2 4.6 \$39,681 \$35,78 \$65+ 2.03 2.3 5.9 \$38,070 \$65 65+ 2.13,996 244.7 4.7 \$36,503 \$8,933 CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE Cornary Hear Disease Total 16,168 2.8 4.0 \$65,690 \$185 Gause by selected age group Rate Average Charge per capit 45-64 5,994 3.8 3.7 \$69,911.0 \$200 \$20,859 \$697 INURY-RELATED Los 4.1 \$36,323 \$58,46 \$74,532 \$45,64 3,642 2.3 4.6 \$48,655 \$111 18.44 9,376 4.7 \$42,523 \$41,42 \$1,074 Total \$1,467 \$1,20 \$1,597 \$1,44 \$1,60 9 \$1,597 \$1,41 45-64 1,656 9 2,813,2	Total	598,627	104.1	4.2	\$30,060	\$3,131		Cases	(per 1,000)	LOS	charge	per capita
18-44 142,725 72,1 3.5 \$20,760 \$1,498 65+ 2,039 2.3 5.9 \$38,076 \$89 45-64 123,996 244,7 4.7 \$36,503 \$8,933 Gronary Heart Disease Total 16,168 2.8 4.0 \$56,904 \$18,90 Cause by selected age group Rate Average Charge per capita Garge Total 16,168 2.8 4.0 \$56,904 \$18,90 \$12,600 INURY-RELATED Rate Average Charge per capita G65+ 9,903 11.2 3.8 32,693 \$36,976 18-44 2,602 2.0 4.0 \$35,846 \$72 65+ 9,803 11.2 3.8 \$22,642 \$3666 18-44 2,602 2,00 4.1 \$49 \$45,323 \$416 116,168 9,89 \$15,97 \$14 18-44 2,602 2,02 \$41,419 \$100 51,66 9,9 2,9 \$15,975 <th< td=""><td>Age</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>DIABETES</td><td></td><td> ,</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></th<>	Age						DIABETES		,		-	
45-64 143,747 90.2 4.6 \$39,681 \$3,578 CARDIOVASCILLAR DISEASE 65+ 213,996 244.7 4.7 \$36,503 \$8,933 Coronary Hear Disease Total 16,168 2.8 4.0 \$65,690 \$185 Cause by selected age group Casse (pr R)ab LO Average Charge 45-64 5,994 3.8 3.7 \$69,110 \$2600 INURY-RELATED	<18	98,159	75.5	3.6	\$15,450	\$1,166	Total	7,587	1.3	4.4	\$30,200	\$40
	18-44	142,725	72.1	3.5	\$20,760	\$1,498	65+	2,039	2.3	5.9	\$38,076	\$89
Cause by selected age group Rate (asse by selected age group) Rate (asse by selected age group) Total 16,168 2.8 4.0 \$66,690 \$185 Cause by selected age group) Cases (per 1,000) LOS charge (per apita) per capita Injury: All (18,44) 49,391 8.6 4.7 \$42,150 \$362 18-44 9,376 4.7 \$42,150 \$362 45-64 3,642 2.3 4.6 \$44,585 18-44 9,376 4.7 \$42,150 \$362 \$45-64 3,642 2.3 4.6 \$44,585 \$111 19/197: Piosonings Total 5,500 1.0 4.7 \$42,521 \$41 \$166 0.9 2.9 \$15,997 \$14 18-44 9,400 0.5 2.8 \$16,907 0.9 3.0 \$20,747 \$10 18-44 2,288 1.2 2.8 \$18,782 \$22 \$22 \$12 \$16 \$18,44 9,400 0.5 \$2 \$13,50 \$12 18-44 2,288 1.2 2.8 \$18,782 \$22 \$22 \$22 \$2 \$16 \$18,83 \$17 \$13 3.7 \$19,769 \$2 \$2 19/197	45-64	143,747	90.2	4.6	\$39,681	\$3,578	CARDIOVASCULAR DISE	ASE				
Cases by selected age group Rate (per 1,000) Rate (per 1,000) Average (par 1,000) Charge (par 1,000) 45-64 5,954 3.8 3.7 \$65,110 \$260 MURY-RELATED - - - - 56+ 9,542 10.9 4.3 \$63,839 \$697 Injury: All - - - 56+ 9,542 1.0.9 4.5 \$65+ 9,542 1.0.9 4.5 \$65+ 18-44 9,307 4.0 \$35,846 \$72 65+ 9,803 11.2 3.8 \$32,642 \$366 18-44 9,376 4.7 4.2 \$11,142 \$1,074 1.142 \$1,066 0.9 2.9 \$15,907 \$14 18-44 9,370 1.0 4.7 \$42,521 \$41 18-44 940 0.5 2.6 \$15,306 \$77 19/yr: Poisonings - 7 \$42,025 \$229 \$16 \$17 \$65+ 1,284 1,45 \$19,907 \$10.9 \$	65+	213,996	244.7	4.7	\$36,503	\$8,933	Coronary Heart Disease	;				
							Total	16,168	2.8	4.0	\$65,690	\$185
INJURY-RELATED Injury: All Corebrovascular Disease Total 14,140 2.5 4.1 Så8,333 S94 Total 49,391 8.6 4.7 \$42,150 \$362 45-64 3,642 2.3 4.6 \$48,585 \$111 <18	Cause by selected age grou	р	Rate		Average	Charge	45-64	5,994	3.8	3.7	\$69,110	\$260
Injury: All Total 14,140 2.5 4.1 S83.33 S94 Total 49,391 8.6 4.7 \$42,502 3.64 3.642 2.3 4.6 \$44,8565 \$111 <18		Cases	(per 1,000)	LOS	charge	per capita	65+	9,542	10.9	4.3	\$63,839	\$697
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	INJURY-RELATED						Cerebrovascular Disea	se				
<18 2,602 2.0 4.0 \$35,846 \$72 65+ 9,803 11.2 3.8 \$32,642 \$366 18-44 9,376 4.7 4.2 \$41,419 \$196 GFA+ 9,803 11.2 3.8 \$32,642 \$366 65+ 22,829 26.1 5.0 \$41,142 \$1,074 Astma Astma 7 \$12 \$15,997 \$14 Injury: Pip Fracture Total 5,500 1.0 4.7 \$42,521 \$41 18-44 940 0.5 2.6 \$15,306 \$77 65+ 4,769 5.5 4.7 \$42,521 \$41 18-44 940 0.5 2.6 \$15,306 \$77 16jury: Poisonings - - 7 \$42,025 \$229 65+ 1,288 1.5 3.8 \$20,074 \$30 7 total 5,007 0.9 3.0 \$20,165 \$18 Other Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease 55 51,95 5.9 3.8 \$19,660 \$229 7 total 10,434 1.8 3.9 <	Injury: All						Total	14,140	2.5	4.1	\$38,333	\$94
	Total	49,391	8.6	4.7	\$42,150	\$362	45-64	3,642	2.3	4.6	\$48,585	\$111
45-6414,5849.14.9\$45,323\$415Asthma65+22,8292.615.0\$41,142\$1,074Total $5,166$ 0.9 2.9 \$15,997\$114Injury: Hip Fracture-701.4671.1 2.0 \$10,505\$12Total5,5001.04.7\$42,521\$411 $18,444$ 940 0.5 2.6 \$15,306\$7765+4,7695.54.7\$42,025\$229 45.64 $1,471$ 0.9 3.2 \$18,302\$17Injury: Poisonings $65+$ $1,288$ 1.5 3.8 \$20,074\$307 total5,007 0.9 3.0 \$20,165\$18Other Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Diseuse-7 total5,007 0.9 3.0 \$20,165\$18Other Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Diseuse7 total10,434 1.8 3.9 \$15,645\$28PNEUMONIA & InFLUENZA18-444,1202.1 3.3 \$12,375\$26Total $16,257$ 2.8 4.1 \$21,914\$5218-442,661 1.3 4.1 \$16,961\$59 3.6 5.64 3.556 2.2 4.1 \$24,312\$5416-54 1.094 3.6 5.6 6.6 5.64 3.556 2.2 4.1 \$24,312\$5418-44 $2,661$ 1.3 4.1 $$8,682$ \$12Total $1,744$ <	<18	2,602	2.0	4.0	\$35,846	\$72	65+	9,803	11.2	3.8	\$32,642	\$366
65+22,82926.15.0\$41,142\$1,074Total5,1660.92.9\$15,997\$14Injury: Hip Fracture5,1660.92.9\$15,997\$14Total5,5001.04.7\$42,521\$4118-449400.52.6\$15,050\$12 $65+$ 4,7695.54.7\$42,025\$22945-641,4710.93.2\$18,302\$17Injury: Poisonings65+1,2881.53.8\$20,074\$30Total5,0070.93.0\$20,165\$18Other Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease18-442,2881.22.8\$18,782\$22Total7.7391.33.7\$19,769\$27Alcohol-RelatedTotal10,4341.83.9\$15,645\$286PNEUMONIA & INFLUENZATotal10,4341.83.9\$15,645\$286Pote-1.84.1\$21,914\$62Drug-relatedTotal3.7,8296.66.4\$10,480\$6665+10,0591.53.3\$21,914\$62Total3.7,8296.66.9\$14,448\$95Total3.7,8296.66.9\$14,	18-44	9,376	4.7	4.2	\$41,419	\$196	CHRONIC PULMONARY	ISEASE				
Injury: Hip Fracture	45-64	14,584	9.1	4.9	\$45,323	\$415	Asthma					
Total 5,500 1.0 4.7 \$42,521 \$41 18-44 940 0.5 2.6 \$15,306 \$7 65+ 4,769 5.5 4.7 \$42,025 \$229 45-64 1,471 0.9 3.2 \$18,302 \$17 Injury: Poisonings Total 5,007 0.9 3.0 \$20,165 \$18 Other Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease 18-44 2,288 1.2 2.8 \$18,782 \$22 45-64 2,363 1.5 3.8 \$20,074 \$30 B444 2,288 1.2 2.8 \$18,782 \$22 Cheronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease Total 7,739 1.3 3.7 \$19,769 \$27 Actoh-I-Related 5,581 3.5 4.1 \$16,645 \$28 Total 16,257 2.8 4.1 \$21,914 \$62 Drug-related 70 3.3 \$15,645 \$28 \$27 45-64 3,556 2.2 4.1 \$21,914 \$62 MENTAL DISORDERS Total 3,655 0.6 4.6 \$10,480 \$65+	65+	22,829	26.1	5.0	\$41,142	\$1,074	Total	5,166	0.9	2.9	\$15,997	\$14
	Injury: Hip Fracture						<18	1,467	1.1	2.0	\$10,550	\$12
	Total	5,500	1.0	4.7	\$42,521	\$41	18-44	940	0.5	2.6	\$15,306	\$7
Total 5,007 0.9 3.0 \$20,165 \$18 Other Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease 18-44 2,288 1.2 2.8 \$18,782 \$22 Total 7,739 1.3 3.7 \$19,769 \$27 DRUG & ALCOHOL USE	65+	4,769	5.5	4.7	\$42,025	\$229	45-64	1,471	0.9	3.2	\$18,302	\$17
18-44 2,288 1.2 2.8 \$18,782 \$22 Total 7,739 1.3 3.7 \$19,769 \$27 DRUG & ALCOHOL USE - - 45-64 2,363 1.5 3.5 \$19,860 \$29 Alcohol-Related - - - 65+ 5,195 5.9 3.8 \$19,580 \$21 Total 10,434 1.8 3.9 \$15,645 \$28 PNEUMONIA & INFLUENZA - - \$65+ 5,195 5.9 3.8 \$19,503 \$16 45-64 5,581 3.5 4.1 \$16,961 \$59 <18	Injury: Poisonings										\$20,074	\$30
DRUG & ALCOHOL USE 45-64 2,363 1.5 3.5 \$19,860 \$29 Alcohol-Related 504 10,434 1.8 3.9 \$15,645 \$28 65+ 5,195 5.9 3.8 \$19,598 \$116 Total 10,434 1.8 3.9 \$15,645 \$28 Total 16,257 2.8 4.1 \$21,914 \$62 18-44 4,120 2.1 3.3 \$12,375 \$26 Total 16,257 2.8 4.1 \$21,914 \$62 45-64 5,581 3.5 6.6 4.6 \$10,480 \$6 65+ 10,059 11.5 4.3 \$21,914 \$252 Total 3,565 0.6 4.6 \$10,480 \$6 65+ 10,059 11.5 4.3 \$21,946 \$252 18-44 2,661 1.3 4.1 \$8,682 \$12 NEOPLASMS NEOPLASMS NEOPLASMS Netoplasms (Cancers): All 17,144 3.0 6.1 \$58,239 \$174 <18	Total	5,007	0.9	3.0	\$20,165	\$18	Other Chronic Obstruct	ive Pulmo	nary Disease	÷		
Alcohol-Related5,1955.93.8\$19,598\$116Total10,4341.83.9\$15,645\$28PNEUMONIA & INFLUENZA18.444,1202.13.3\$12,375\$26Total16,2572.84.1\$21,914\$6245.645,5813.54.1\$16,961\$59<18	18-44	2,288	1.2	2.8	\$18,782	\$22	Total	7,739	1.3	3.7	\$19,769	\$27
Total 10,434 1.8 3.9 \$15,645 \$28 PNEUMONIA & INFLUENZA 18-44 4,120 2.1 3.3 \$12,375 \$26 Total 16,257 2.8 4.1 \$21,914 \$62 45-64 5,581 3.5 4.1 \$16,961 \$59 <18	DRUG & ALCOHOL US	E					45-64	2,363	1.5	3.5	\$19,860	\$29
18-44 4,120 2.1 3.3 \$12,375 \$26 Total 16,257 2.8 4.1 \$21,914 \$62 45-64 5,581 3.5 4.1 \$16,961 \$59 <18	Alcohol-Related						65+	5,195	5.9	3.8	\$19,598	\$116
45-64 5,581 3.5 4.1 \$16,961 \$59 <18	Total	10,434	1.8	3.9	\$15,645	\$28	PNEUMONIA & INFLUENZ	'A				
Drug-related 45-64 3,556 2.2 4.1 \$24,312 \$54 Total 3,565 0.6 4.6 \$10,480 \$6 65+ 10,059 11.5 4.3 \$21,946 \$252 18-44 2,661 1.3 4.1 \$8,682 \$12 NEOPLASMS Malignant Neoplasms (Cancers): All \$252 MENTAL DISORDERS 37,829 6.6 6.9 \$14,448 \$95 Total 17,144 3.0 6.1 \$58,239 \$174 18-44 17,084 8.6 6.4 \$12,215 \$105 45-64 6,840 4.3 5.8 \$59,542 \$255 45-64 8,870 5.6 7.3 \$14,954 \$83 65+ 8,842 10.1 6.1 \$53,570 \$542 65+ 2,633 3.0 9.4 \$22,261 \$67 Neoplasms: Female Breast (rates for female population) Total 706 0.2 2.8 \$48,709 \$12 Total 75,835 13.2 <t< td=""><td>18-44</td><td>4,120</td><td>2.1</td><td>3.3</td><td>\$12,375</td><td>\$26</td><td>Total</td><td>16,257</td><td>2.8</td><td>4.1</td><td>\$21,914</td><td>\$62</td></t<>	18-44	4,120	2.1	3.3	\$12,375	\$26	Total	16,257	2.8	4.1	\$21,914	\$62
Total 3,565 0.6 4.6 \$10,480 \$6 65+ 10,059 11.5 4.3 \$21,946 \$252 18-44 2,661 1.3 4.1 \$8,682 \$12 NEOPLASMS Malignant Neoplasms (Cancers): All MENTAL DISORDERS Total 37,829 6.6 6.9 \$14,448 \$95 Total 17,144 3.0 6.1 \$58,239 \$174 <18	45-64	5,581	3.5	4.1	\$16,961	\$59	<18	1,453	1.1	3.0	\$15,807	\$18
18-44 2,661 1.3 4.1 \$8,682 \$12 NEOPLASMS MENTAL DISORDERS Total 37,829 6.6 6.9 \$14,448 \$95 Total 17,144 3.0 6.1 \$58,239 \$174 <18 9,242 7.1 6.8 \$15,866 \$113 18-44 1,171 0.6 6.4 \$69,265 \$41 18-44 17,084 8.6 6.4 \$12,215 \$105 45-64 6,840 4.3 5.8 \$59,542 \$225 45-64 8,870 5.6 7.3 \$14,954 \$83 65+ 8,842 10.1 6.1 \$53,570 \$542 65+ 2,633 3.0 9.4 \$22,261 \$67 Neoplasms: Female Breast (rates for female population) Total 706 0.2 2.8 \$48,709 \$12 Total 75,835 13.2 4.6 \$28,378 \$374 Neoplasms: Colorectal Total 7.0 0.2 2.8 \$48,709 \$12 Total 75,835 13.2 4.6 \$28,378 \$374 Neopla	Drug-related						45-64	3,556	2.2	4.1	\$24,312	\$54
MENTAL DISORDERS Malignant Neoplasms (Cancers): All Total 37,829 6.6 6.9 \$14,448 \$95 <18	Total	3,565	0.6	4.6	\$10,480	\$6		10,059	11.5	4.3	\$21,946	\$252
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2,661	1.3	4.1	\$8,682	\$12	NEOPLASMS					
<18	MENTAL DISORDERS						Malignant Neoplasms (Ca	ncers): All	l			
18-44 17,084 8.6 6.4 \$12,215 \$105 45-64 6,840 4.3 5.8 \$59,542 \$255 45-64 8,870 5.6 7.3 \$14,954 \$83 65+ 8,842 10.1 6.1 \$53,570 \$542 65+ 2,633 3.0 9.4 \$22,261 \$67 Neoplasms: Female Breast (rates for female population) Total 706 0.2 2.8 \$48,709 \$12 Total 75,835 13.2 4.6 \$28,378 \$374 Neoplasms: Colorectal Total 2,105 0.4 7.1 \$56,514 \$21 18-44 8,498 4.3 3.9 \$26,745 \$115 65+ 1,276 1.5 7.3 \$55,670 \$81 45-64 19,694 12.4 5.2 \$34,536 \$427 Neoplasms: Lung 1.276 1.5 7.3 \$55,670 \$81	Total	37,829		6.9	\$14,448		Total	17,144	3.0	6.1	\$58,239	
45-64 8,870 5.6 7.3 \$14,954 \$83 65+ 8,842 10.1 6.1 \$53,570 \$542 65+ 2,633 3.0 9.4 \$22,261 \$67 Neoplasms: Female Breast (rates for female population) Total 706 0.2 2.8 \$48,709 \$12 Total 75,835 13.2 4.6 \$28,378 \$374 Neoplasms: Colorectal Neoplasms: Colorectal <18				6.8	\$15,866			1,171		6.4	\$69,265	
65+ 2,633 3.0 9.4 \$22,261 \$67 Neoplasms: Female Breast (rates for female population) Verify (rates for female population) PREVENTABLE HOSPITALIZATIONS Total 706 0.2 2.8 \$48,709 \$12 Total 75,835 13.2 4.6 \$28,378 \$374 Neoplasms: Colorectal <18 4,844 3.7 2.9 \$19,139 \$71 Total 2,105 0.4 7.1 \$56,514 \$21 18-44 8,498 4.3 3.9 \$26,745 \$115 65+ 1,276 1.5 7.3 \$55,670 \$81 45-64 19,694 12.4 5.2 \$34,536 \$427 Neoplasms: Lung		17,084		6.4	\$12,215		45-64			5.8	\$59,542	
PREVENTABLE HOSPITALIZATIONS Total 706 0.2 2.8 \$48,709 \$12 Total 75,835 13.2 4.6 \$28,378 \$374 Neoplasms: Colorectal 76 0.2 2.8 \$48,709 \$12 <18				7.3	\$14,954		65+	8,842	10.1	6.1	\$53,570	\$542
Total 75,835 13.2 4.6 \$28,378 \$374 Neoplasms: Colorectal <18	65+	2,633	3.0	9.4	\$22,261	\$67	Neoplasms: Female Brea	st (rates fo	r female pop	oulation		
<18 4,844 3.7 2.9 \$19,139 \$71 Total 2,105 0.4 7.1 \$56,514 \$21 18-44 8,498 4.3 3.9 \$26,745 \$115 65+ 1,276 1.5 7.3 \$55,670 \$81 45-64 19,694 12.4 5.2 \$34,536 \$427 Neoplasms: Lung			NS					706	0.2	2.8	\$48,709	\$12
18-44 8,498 4.3 3.9 \$26,745 \$115 65+ 1,276 1.5 7.3 \$55,670 \$81 45-64 19,694 12.4 5.2 \$34,536 \$427 Neoplasms: Lung				4.6	\$28,378		•					
45-64 19,694 12.4 5.2 \$34,536 \$427 Neoplasms: Lung		4,844										
the second s							65+	1,276	1.5	7.3	\$55,670	\$81
65+ 42,799 48.9 4.7 \$26,914 \$1,317 Total 614 0.4 5.5 \$49,241 \$17												
	65+	42,799	48.9	4.7	\$26,914	\$1,317	Total	614	0.4	5.5	\$49,241	\$17

DEFINITIONS

Length of stay (LOS) - average duration, in days, of a single episode of hospitalization for an individual with the specified condition.

Preventable hospitalizations - Hospitalizations for conditions where timely and effective ambulatory care can reduce the likelihood of hospitalization (seeTechnical Notes).

MEASURES

Average charge - total charges within a particular diagnostic category and age group divided by the number of discharges with reported charges in that group. Charge per capita - total charges divided by the estimated total population (within age groups: age-specific charges divided by the estimated age-specific population). Rate of discharge - number of discharges in that diagnostic category and age group per 1,000 population in that age group. Rate of discharge for female breast neoplasms - number of discharges in that diagnostic category per 1,000 women.

NOTES

Length of stay and charge outliers were defined as values below the 1st percentile or above the 99th percentile (i.e., the highest 1 percent and the lowest 1 percent). In these cases, the length of stay or charge was set to the 1st or 99th percentile value. Since reporting of charges is optional for lengths of stay over 100 days, the charges for those cases with a missing charge and length of stay over 100 days were also set to the 99th percentile value.

Long-Term Care

as reported by DLTC. Waiver costs reported include

Data for the Community Options Program (COP) and Medicaid Waiver programs are maintained in the Human Services Reporting Syst em (HSRS), managed by the Division of Long Term Care (DLTC). Nursing home data are drawn from the Division of Quality Assurance (DQA) Staffing Survey, as well as the federal MDS (minimum dataset) resident-based data collected from Medicare- and/or Medicaid-certified nursing homes, and were provided by the Division of Quality Assurance (DQA). The data do not include the five state-licensed-only nursing homes in Wisconsin. This report presents data from the calendar year 2014.

DATA DETAILS In most counties, the COP and Medicaid Waiver	COMMUNITY OPTIONS PROGRAM (COP)	Clients 948	Costs \$16,932,738
programs are administered by a single county agency.	MEDICAID WAIVER*		
For counties that have more than one agency serving	CIP1A Developmentally disabled	257	\$18,644,821
different populations, the data were combined to	CIP1B Developmentally disabled	3,227	\$129,363,425
produce the numbers in the county report. Data from	CIP2 Elderly/Physically disabled adults	2,232	\$43,933,827
the Oneida Tribe were included in Brown County data.	COP-W Elderly/Physically disabled adults	1,226	\$18,978,973
Both the client counts and the costs are taken from the	CLTS Disabled children	6,470	\$72,608,121
reporting system prior to any year-end contract	Brain injury	14	\$1,736,346
adjustments with the provider agencies. COP and	Total COP/Waivers	8,044	\$229,590,135
Medicaid Waiver counts represent unduplicated cases,	Eligible and Waiting	4,085	N/A
medicala waiver counts represent anaapileatea cases,	* Waiver costs reported here include federal funding		

Waiver costs reported here include federal funding. \$8,304,819 of the above waiver costs were paid as local match/overmatch using COP funds.

This amount is not included in the above COP costs.

FAMILY CARE/PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM Family Care	Clients 48,874	Costs \$1,417,161,142
NURSING HOMES Nursing homes Licensed beds Nursing home residents on December 31	Count 390 34,019 29,152	
RESIDENTS AGE 65+ PER 1,000 POPULATION	28.2	

NOTES

federal funding.

Clients eligible and waiting for the COP/Medicaid Waiver programs are phased into care as appropriate based on DLTC policies.

Community Integration Program-1A (CIP1A) is authorized by Wis. Stat. § 46.275. It is a Medicaid-funded (state and federal) program designed to provide community services to persons who are relocated or diverted from the state centers for the developmentally disabled. Participants must be Medicaid eligible. The target group is developmentally disabled persons, of any age, who reside in or would enter a state center for the developmentally disabled without this program.

Community Integration Program-1B (CIP1B) is authorized by Wis. Stat. § 46.278. It is a Medicaid-funded (state and federal) program designed to provide long-term care assessments, care plans, and community services to persons who are relocated or diverted from ICFs-MR other than a state center for the developmentally disabled. Participants must be Medicaid eligible. The target group is developmentally disabled persons, of any age, who are diverted or relocated from an ICF-MR (not a state center) and certain nursing homes.

Community Options Program-Waiver (COP-W) is authorized by Wis. Stat. § 46.27 (11). It is a Medicaid-funded (state and federal) program designed to provide community services as an alternative to nursing home placement. Participants must be Medicaid eligible. The target group is frail elderly and physically disabled adults. COP-W is funded as an allocation to counties, based on the Community Aids formula or as designated by legislative intent. Counties manage these funds by serving eligible people within the total amount of COP-W funding.

Community Integration Program II (CIP2) targets the same group of frail elderly and physically disabled adults. This program is intended to increase the capacity of home-based and community-based care programs when nursing home resources are lost due to closing of facilities or reducing the number of licensed beds.

Children's Long-Term Support Waivers (CLTS) are authorized by Wisconsin Statute in 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, § 9123 (16rs); and 2003 Wisconsin Act 33, § 9124 (8c). This is a Medicaid-funded (county, state and federal) program designed to provide long-term care assessments, care plans, and community services to children who meet functional and financial eligibility criteria. Participants must be Medicaid eligible. The target group is children with developmental, mental health, or physical disabilities up to age 22. Beginning in 2012, CLTS claims for all counties are submitted for payment processing to the Third-Party Administrator (TPA), Wisconsin Physicians Service (WPS).

Family Care is a Medicaid long-term care program for adults with physical or intellectual/developmental disabilities and frail elders. The Department of Health Services (DHS) contracts with managed care organizations (MCOs) to operate Family Care. DHS provides the MCO with a monthly capitation payment for each member. The MCO uses these funds to provide individually planned services for all of its members. Care managers work with members to identify their needs, strengths, and preferences. Together, they identify the resources available and develop a care plan that may include help from family, friends, and neighbors. When this help is not available, the MCO will purchase necessary services from a contracted provider. The Partnership and PACE (Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly) programs are similar to Family Care, but include primary and acute care services, and prescription drugs.

Count

91 739

24,312

153,663

Local Health Departments, Programs & Licenses

Local health department (LHD) statistics come from the 2013 Local Health Department Survey, which was conducted within the Wisconsin Department of Health Services (DHS) by the Office of Policy and Practice Alignment (OPPA), Division of Public Health (DPH).

DATA DETAILS

The percent of children compliant with immunization requirements is based on reports required from all public and private schools and compiled by the Immunization Section, Bureau of Communicable Diseases (BCD), DPH. Immunization data in this report are for the 2014-2015 school year.

The Food Safety and Recreational Licensing Section of the Bureau of Environmental and Occupational Health (BEOH), DPH, provided the licensed establishment data for State Fiscal Year 2014.

LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENTS		FTEs
Staffing - Full-Time Equivalent (FTE)	Count	per 10,000
Total FTEs	1,818.7	3.2
Administrative	228.2	0.4
Public health nurses	527.4	0.9
Oral health professionals	10.9	0.0
Environmental health professionals	186.4	0.3
Public health educators	61.6	0.1
Nutritionists	17.4	0.0
Other professional staff	258.6	0.5
Technical/Paraprofessionals	214.9	0.4
Support staff	307.6	0.5
Funding	Funds	per capita
Total funding	\$152,153,896	\$27
Local taxes	\$78,316,163	\$14
IMMUNIZATIONS	Count	%
Children in Grades K-12		
Compliant	949,963	98.1
Noncompliant	18,431	

Bed & Breakfast	314
Camps	1,479
Hotels/Motels	2,244
Tourist rooming	3,446
Pools	3,947
Restaurants	20,607
Body art	447
WIC PARTICIPANTS	Count
Total	177,972
Pregnant/Postpartum women	51,147
Infants	35,086

LICENSED ESTABLISHMENTS

Children, age 1-4

English-speaking

Non-English-speaking

DEFINITIONS

Environmental health professionals - includes registered sanitarians and other environmental professionals.

Other professional staffing - includes dietitians, physicians, epidemiologists, laboratory professionals, registered nurses, nurse practitioners, and other public health professionals.

Technical and paraprofessionals - includes computer specialists, diet technicians, interpreters, lab technicians, licensed practical nurses, and other paraprofessionals.

Lodging facilities - includes hotels, motels, tourist rooming houses, and bed and breakfast establishments.

Recreational facilities - includes water attractions, swimming pools, recreational educational camps, and campgrounds.

Body art establishments - includes both tattoo and body piercing establishments.

NOTES

Local Health Departments - The Office of Policy and Practice Alignment distributed the 2014 survey to local health officers via the online survey tool, which allowed the LHDs to submit their responses electronically. Some local health departments serve populations that do not coincide with county boundaries. For example, the city of Appleton is located in three counties. This report apportions staff and funding according to the percent of the health department's population in each county, using population estimates provided by the Wisconsin Department of Administration for January 1, 2014.

Immunization - The number of childen noncompliant with immunization requirements does not include those whose parents have filed waivers based on personal conviction, religious, or medical grounds.

Licensed Establishments - The facilities in this report are active establishments licensed and inspected by the Food Safety and Recreational Licensing Section, or by local health departments under contract with the Division of Public Health. Restaurants are categorized by the complexity or risk of their fare (prepackaged, simple, moderate, complex).

WIC - The number of participants in the Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) represents an unduplicated count of participants by county. The state and regional values were obtained by summing the county values, which introduced duplication, reflecting those participants who moved to another county during the year. The number of WIC participants in a county may seem high compared to the number of births. Once a participant enters the WIC program, that participant's status is not modified as it changes. For example, an infant may be 11 months old in January and change to a new status of "child" in the next month. For purposes of the unduplicated count, this participant is counted as an infant for the fiscal year report. Starting from 2008, the Profiles include the number of WIC participants who do not speak English and those who do. Totals may differ somewhat from totals for type of participants because the timeframes are slightly different. For 2009 and future WIC data, if a WIC participant lived in more than one county in the year and did not speak English, that participant is reported in each county of residence.

Population

The population by age, sex, race, and ethnicity was estimated for July 1, 2014, by the Health Analytics Section, Division of Public Health. Estimates of poverty and median household income in Wisconsin were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau's Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE) program website. Employment statistics (civilian labor force, unemployment rate, and average wage) were obtained from the Division of Workforce Solutions, Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development.

POPULATION ESTIMATES Total 2013			5,747,960
Population per square mile			106
Population growth 2010-2014			60,972
	Female	Male	Total
Total	2,893,220	2,854,740	5,747,960
Age			
0-14	524,420	548,920	1,073,350
15-17	111,760	115,730	227,500
18-19	75,230	79,470	154,690
20-24	199,660	205,200	404,860
25-44	698,810	720,090	1,418,910
45-64	799,620	794,630	1,594,240
65-84	398,880	347,650	746,530
85+	84,840	43,050	127,890
Race/Ethnicity			
White	2,406,330	2,365,600	4,771,930
African American	198,340	191,780	390,120
American Indian	28,140	27,760	55,900
Hispanic	179,000	192,480	371,470
Asian	81,420	77,120	158,540

POVERTY ESTIMATES	Estimate (%)	(C.I. ±)
All ages	13.2%	0.3%
Ages 0-17	18.4%	0.6%

EMPLOYMENT

Average wage for jobs covered by unemployment compensation	
(place of work)	\$43,856
LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES	Annual
	Average
Civilian labor force	3,093,918
Unemployment rate	5.5%
5-year avg. unemployment rate (2010-2014)	6.98%
Median household income	\$51 474

DEFINITIONS

Civilian labor force - includes all persons 16 years of age or over who are either working or looking for work. This statistic does **not** include members of the armed forces; "discouraged workers" who are not actively seeking employment, about to start a new job, or waiting to be called back from a layoff; or other people (such as students or retired persons) not working or looking for work.

Employed persons - individuals 16 years or older who worked for pay anytime during the week that includes the 12th day of the month, or who worked unpaid for 15 hours or more in a family-owned business, or who were temporarily absent from their jobs due to illness, bad weather, vacation, labor dispute, or personal reasons.

Unemployed persons - individuals 16 years or older who had no employment, were available for work, and either actively seeking employment, about to start a new job, or waiting to be called back from a layoff.

NOTES

Estimated populations are reported rounded to the nearest 10.

The race/ethnicity categories are mutually exclusive (racial categories exclude Hispanics). Estimated populations are reported rounded to the nearest 10.

Poverty Estimates - A 90 percent confidence interval (C.I. ±) is printed in a column next to each estimated value; this means that 90 percent of similar surveys would obtain an estimated value within the confidence interval specified.



Cancer incidence data are compiled from reports submitted by Wisconsin hospitals, clinics, and physicians to the Wisconsin Cancer Reporting System (WCRS), Health Analytics Section, Division of Public Health, as mandated under Wis. Stat. § 255.04. This report presents cancer incidence data for cases diagnosed in the calendar year 2013 (the latest data available).

DATA DETAILS

Hospitals report all cases seen with active cancers. Clinics and physicians report all treated cases and any non-treated cases that have not been referred to a Wisconsin hospital. Central cancer registries in 19 other states and several Minnesota hospitals that diagnose and/or treat Wisconsin resident cancer patients report voluntarily to WCRS.

All reports sent to WCRS include patient demographics, tumorspecific characteristics, and type of treatment. WCRS reportable cancers include all malignant invasive and noninvasive neoplasms (except basal cell and squamous cell carcinomas that arise in the skin and noninvasive cervical cancers) plus in situ (pre-malignant) bladder cancers and (since January 1, 2004) benign tumors of the brain and central nervous system.

MEASURES

Crude incidence rate - cases per 100,000 unadjusted population.

NOTES

Totals include only invasive cancers and are thus not comparable to any previous publications that included both invasive and noninvasive cancers.

PRIMARY SITE		Crude incidence rate
	Cases	(per 100,000)
Female breast	4,457	154.5
Cervical [*]	162	5.6
Colorectal	2,468	43.1
Lung and bronchus	4,063	70.9
Prostate [*]	3,533	124.1
Other sites	15,955	278.4
Total	30,638	534.6

*Rates include cases per 100,000 sex-specific population



Data for communicable diseases are shown for selected reportable diseases. Numbers of confirmed cases were obtained from the Bureau of Communicable Diseases, Division of Public Health. Wisconsin Stat. ch. 252 and Wis. Admin. Code ch. DHS 145 require the surveillance and control of certain communicable diseases. This report presents data from the calendar year 2014.

DATA DETAILS

Completeness of reporting varies by disease. The figures for a county or region refer to reported cases among residents of that county or region, regardless of where the disease was contracted.

Specific counts for a year are subject to some slight changes over time as medical tests reveal previously unidentified cases or change previous diagnoses.

NOTES

The symbol "<5" denotes that the number of reported cases is between 1 and 4. The exact number is suppressed to maintain confidentiality.

DISEASE	Cases
Babesiosis	29
Blastomycosis	89
Campylobacter enteritis	1,229
Cryptosporidiosis	538
E.coli, shiga toxin-producing (STEC)	219
Ehrlichiosis/Anaplasmosis	274
Giardiasis	486
Haemophilus influenzae, invasive	86
Hepatitis A	7
Hepatitis B*	330
Hepatitis C	2,880
Influenza-associated hospitalization	2,742
Legionnaires'	96
Lyme	995
Measles	<5
N. meningitidis (Meningococcal disease)	10
Meningitis, other bacterial	13
Mumps	51
Pertussis	1,073
Salmonellosis	857
Shigellosis	343
Streptococcus pneumoniae, invasive	413
Streptococcal diseases, all other	744
Tuberculosis	48
Sexually Transmitted Disease	
Chlamydia trachomatis	22,837
Gonorrhea	4,047
Syphilis	284
*Includes all positive HBsAg test results.	

😤 Motor Vehicle Crashes

Data on injuries and fatalities in motor vehicle crashes are obtained from the WisDOT-DMV Traffic Accident Database of the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (DOT). This report presents data from the calendar year 2014.

DATA DETAILS

These data are based on location of crash, not on residence.

Motor vehicle crash data are occurrence data from the county in which the crash took place. (Most other data in the Profiles are based on the county of residence.) County statistics on persons injured and killed therefore do not include county residents who were injured or killed outside the county, and may include persons who are residents of other counties or other states.

TYPE OF MOTOR VEHICLE CRASH	Persons Injured	Persons Killed
All crashes	39,701	498
Alcohol-related	2,694	162
With citation for OWI	2,690	18
With citation for speeding	4,332	12
Motorcyclist	1,914	67
Bicyclist	844	4
Pedestrian	1,119	42

DEFINITIONS

Persons injured - persons who were physically harmed or complained of physical harm from injuries received in the crash, but did not die within 30 days of the crash.

Persons killed - were all persons who died within 30 days from injuries received in the crash .

Alcohol-related crash - a crash in which either a driver, bicyclist, or pedestrian is listed on a police or coroner report as drinking alcohol before the crash. Crashes with a citation for OWI - crashes in which a law enforcement official has issued a citation for violation of Wis. Stat. § 346.63, "operating under influence of intoxicant or other drug."

NOTES

These data are reported by state and local law enforcement agencies. Because crash data are from a different source, the number of 'Persons Killed' in motor vehicle crashes will not match the number of deaths from 'Accidents, Motor Vehicle' in the profile's Child and Adult Mortalit y section.

ABOUT THE DATA: DOCUMENTATION

Public Health Profiles, Wisconsin 2016, presents selected data on population characteristics, births, deaths, morbidity, local health departments, longterm care, and hospitalizations in Wisconsin for calendar year 2014. The data were selected to profile important aspects of public health for the state as a whole, each of the 72 counties, the five Division of Public Health (DPH) regions, the seven perinatal regions, as well as 34 additional sub-county local health departments and municipalities. Local public health professionals and others seeking general information about the health of Wisconsin's population use these data to establish yearly goals, conduct community health assessments, write grant proposals, and develop education and outreach programs.

The Wisconsin Department of Health Services (DHS) provided funds for developing and disseminating this report. This report is produced by the Health Analytics Section.

Most of the statistics included in this report came from data systems maintained in DPH. The DPH Health Analytics section provided mortality, birth, and infant mortality data; 2014 population estimates; cancer incidence for 2013 (latest available); and prepared hospitalization data from the inpatient discharge files, with data collected by the Wisconsin Hospital Association Information Center. The DPH Office of Policy and Practice Alignment compiled Local Health Department Survey data for 2014 collected online via Select Survey. The Bureau of Communicable Diseases provided morbidity data and immunization data. The Bureau of Community Health Promotion, Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC), provided WIC participant data. The Bureau of Environmental and Occupational Health provided licensed establishment data.

Nursing home data were provided by the Division of Quality Assurance. Community Options Program data and Medicaid Waiver data were provided by the Bureau of Long-Term Support, Division of Long Term Care. Data for eligible and waiting clients were also provided by this bureau. Family Care data were derived from the Wisconsin Managed Care database. All of these entities are in the Department of Health Services.

Employment data were provided by the Bureau of Workforce Information, Division of Workforce Solutions, Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development.

Motor vehicle crash data are maintained by the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (DOT), Division of Motor Vehicles, Traffic Accident Section. Figures were compiled from that source by the Bureau of Transportation Safety in DOT's Division of State Patrol.

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Formulas for Birth and Death Rates

Births

Crude live birth rate	= 1,000	x	Number of resident live births Total resident population
General fertility rate	= 1,000	x	Number of resident live births Number of females ages 15-44
Age-specific fertility rate	= 1,000	x	Number of resident live births in age category Number of females in age category
Teen fertility rate	= 1,000	x	Number of resident live births to females under 20 years of age Number of females under 20 years of age
Deaths			
Crude death rate	= 100,000	x	Number of resident deaths Total resident population
Crude cause-specific death rate	= 100,000	x	Number of resident deaths from cause Total resident population
Fetal death rate	= 1,000	x	Number of resident fetal deaths Total resident live births and fetal deaths
Neonatal death rate	= 1,000	x	<u>Number of resident neonatal deaths</u> Total resident live births
Postneonatal death rate	= 1,000	x	Number of resident postneonatal deaths Total resident live births
Perinatal death rate	= 1,000	x	Number of resident fetal and neonatal deaths Total resident live births and fetal deaths
Infant death rate	= 1,000	x	<u>Number of resident infant deaths</u> Total resident live births
Race-specific infant death rate	= 1,000	x	Number of infant deaths to mothers in race category Number of live births to mothers in race category
Weight-specific infant death rate	= 1,000	x	<u>Number of infant deaths in birthweight category</u> Number of live births in birthweight category

Rates

Most rates per population included in the Public Health Profiles were calculated using 2014 population data. A crude rate is the number of events per 1,000 (or 10,000 or 100,000) people. It is called "crude" because its magnitude may be affected by the population's age distribution. In contrast, an age-specific or age-standardized rate considers age distribution, and would be preferred over a crude rate for comparisons between populations with different age distributions.

Rates for some events were not calculated. For most measures, numerators of fewer than 20 events (indicated by ".") were judged to be too small to calculate rates that are meaningful; such rates would be misleadingly unstable over time because small annual fluctuations in the number of events can create large changes in a rate. Calculation of other rates was not done for other reasons (indicated by "--"); for example, the population base for a fertility rate for females under 15 years old cannot be estimated accurately.

Categories of Underlying Cause of Death

Description	ICD-10 CODE
Infectious and Parasitic Diseases	A00-B99
Total Malignant Neoplasms Trachea, bronchus, lung cancer Breast cancer Colorectal cancer	C00-C97 C33-C34 C50 C18-C21
Diabetes	E10-E14
Diseases of the Heart Ischemic heart disease	100-109, 111, 113, 120-151 120-125
Cerebrovascular Disease	160-169
Pneumonia and Influenza	J09-J18
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	J40-J47
Total Accidents Motor vehicle accidents (crashes)	V01-X59, Y85-Y86 V02-V04, V09.0-V09.2, V12-V14, V19.0-V19.2, V19.4-V19.6, V20-V79, V80.3-V80.5, V81.0-V81.1, V82.0-V82.1, V83-V86, V87.0-V87.8, V88.0-V88.8, V89.0,V89.2
Intentional self-harm (suicide)	U-03, X60-X84, Y87.0

Drugs Listed as Underlying or Contributory Cause of Death

Alcohol	F10-F10.9, G31.2, G62.1, I42.6, K29.2, K70, R78.0, X45, X65, Y15
Tobacco	F17.9
Other Drugs	F11.0-F11.5, F11.7-F11.9, F12.0-F12.5, F12.7-F12.9, F13.0-F13.5, F13.7-F13.9, F14.0-F14.5, F14.7-F14.9, F15.0-F15.5, F15.7-F15.9, F16.0-F16.5, F16.7-F16.9, F17.0, F17.3-F17.5, F17.7-F17.8, F18.0-F18.5, F18.7-F18.9, F19.0-F19.5, F19.7-F19.9, X40-X44, X60-X64, X85, Y10-Y14

First-Listed Diagnoses Associated With Hospitalizations

Description	ICD-9-CM CODE
Malignant neoplasms	140.0-208.9, 230.0-234.9
Lung cancer	162.0-162.9
Female breast cancer	174.0-174.9
Colorectal cancer	153.0-154.8
Diabetes	250.0-250.9
Alcohol-related	
Alcohol psychoses	291.0-291.9
Alcohol dependence syndrome	303.0-303.03
Alcohol abuse	305.00-305.03
Alcoholic polyneuropathy	357.5
Alcoholic cardiomyopathy	425.5
Alcoholic gastritis	535.3
Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis	571.0-571.3
Excessive blood level of alcohol	790.3
Drug-related	
Drug psychoses	292.0-292.9
Drug dependency	304.00-304.93
Non-dependent abuse of drugs	305.10-305.93
Non dependent abase of drags	303.10 303.33
Mental Disorders (excluding those related to alcohol or drugs)	290.0-319
Coronary heart disease	
Ischemic heart disease	410.0-414.9
Unspecified cardiovascular disease	429.2
Cerebrovascular disease	430-438
Pneumonia and influenza	480.0-487.8
Other chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	490-492, 494-496
Asthrop	402
Asthma	493
Osteoporosis	733.00-733.09
All injuries	800-999
Hip fracture	820.00-820.9
Poisonings	960.0-989.9
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Diagnoses Defining Preventable Hospitalizations

(Principal Diagnosis only except where noted)

The list of conditions included in preventable hospitalizations was adapted with some modification from a study done between 1991 and 1994 by the United Hospital Fund of New York (Billings J, Anderson GM and Newman LS. "Recent Findings on Preventable Hospitalizations." Health Affairs, 15(3): 239–249, 1996). The diagnoses were defined by a medical panel of internists and pediatricians, and included conditions where timely and effective ambulatory care can reduce the likelihood of hospitalization by preventing the onset of an illness or condition, controlling an acute episodic illness or condition, or managing a chronic disease or condition. The descriptions and ICD-9-CM diagnostic codes for each preventable hospitalization category are listed below.

Description	ICD-9-CM CODE
Congenital syphilis	090.0-090.9 (includes secondary diagnosis for newborns)
Immunization - preventable conditions	033.0-033.9, 390, 391.0-391.9, 037, 045.00-045.93, (320.0 - age 1-5)
Grand mal status and other epileptic convulsions	345.0-345.9
Convulsions	780.3 (age >5)
Severe ear, nose, and throat infections	382.0-382.9, 462, 463, 465.0-465.9, 472.1 (except with a procedure of 20.01)
Pulmonary tuberculosis	011.00-011.96
Other tuberculosis	012.00-018.96
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	491.0-492.8, 494, 496, (466.0 with secondary diagnosis of 491.0-
	492.8, 494, 496)
Bacterial pneumonia	481, 482.2, 482.3, 482.9, 483, 485, 486 (except when there is a
	secondary diagnosis of 282.6 or patient is less than two months old)
Asthma	493.00-493.91
Congestive heart failure	428.0-428.9, 402.01, 402.11, 402.91, 518.4 (except with a procedure
	of 36.01-36.02, 36.05, 36.1, 37.5, 37.7)
Hypertension	401.0, 401.9, 402.00, 402.1, 402.90 (except with a procedure 36.01-
	36.02, 36.05, 36.1, 37.5, 37.7)
Angina	411.1, 411.8, 413.0-413.9 (except with any procedure 01.01-86.99)
Cellulitis	681.00-683, 686.0-686.9 (except with any procedure 01.01-86.99
	unless only listed procedure is 86.0)
Skin grafts with cellulitis	DRG 263 and 264 (except if admitted from an SNF)
Diabetes A	250.10-250.31
Diabetes B	250.80-250.91
Diabetes C	250.00-250.01
Hypoglycemia	251.2
Gastroenteritis	558.9
Kidney/urinary infection	590.0-590.9, 599.0, 599.9
Dehydration – volume depletion	276.5
Iron deficiency anemia	280.1, 280.8, 280.9 (age 0-5 only; either principal or secondary
	diagnosis)
Nutritional deficiencies	260-262, 268.0, 268.1 (either principal or secondary diagnosis)
Failure to thrive	783.4 (age <1)
Pelvic inflammatory disease	614.0-614.9 (except with a procedure 68.3-68.8)
Dental conditions	521.0-523.9, 525.0-525.9, 528.0-528.9
Cancer of the cervix	180.0-180.9