

NATALITY

| TOTAL LIVE BIRTHS | | 796 | | Birth Order | | Births | | Percent | | Marital Status | |
|--|--|----------------|--|--------------------|--|----------------|--|---------|--|--------------------------|--|
| | | | | First | | 322 | | 40 | | of Mother | |
| Crude Live Birth Rate | | 13.3 | | Second | | 260 | | 33 | | Married | |
| General Fertility Rate | | 68.4 | | Third | | 128 | | 16 | | Not married | |
| | | | | Fourth or higher | | 86 | | 11 | | Unknown | |
| Live births with reported congenital anomalies | | 14 1.8% | | Unknown | | 0 | | 0 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Education of Mother | |
| Delivery Type | | Births Percent | | 1st Prenatal Visit | | Births Percent | | | | Births Percent | |
| Vaginal after previous cesarean | | 13 2 | | 1st trimester | | 670 84 | | | | Elementary or less | |
| Forceps | | 5 1 | | 2nd trimester | | 88 11 | | | | Some high school | |
| Other vaginal | | 577 72 | | 3rd trimester | | 28 4 | | | | High school | |
| Primary cesarean | | 115 14 | | No visits | | 5 1 | | | | Some college | |
| Repeat cesarean | | 86 11 | | Unknown | | 5 1 | | | | College graduate | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Unknown | |
| Birthweight | | Births Percent | | Prenatal Visits | | Births Percent | | | | Smoking Status of Mother | |
| <1,500 gm | | 10 1.3 | | No visits | | 5 1 | | | | Smoker | |
| 1,500-2,499 gm | | 33 4.1 | | 1-4 | | 28 4 | | | | Nonsmoker | |
| 2,500+ gm | | 752 94.5 | | 5-9 | | 151 19 | | | | Unknown | |
| Unknown | | 1 <.5 | | 10-12 | | 335 42 | | | | Births Percent | |
| | | | | 13+ | | 268 34 | | | | 618 78 | |
| | | | | Unknown | | 9 1 | | | | 5 1 | |

| Race/Ethnicity | Births Percent | | Low Birthweight (under 2,500 gm) | | Trimester of First Prenatal Visit | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|---------|----------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|----|---------------|----|---------------|----|
| | Births | Percent | Births | Percent | 1st Trimester | | 2nd Trimester | | Other/Unknown | |
| White | 700 | 88 | 39 | 5.6 | 595 | 85 | 73 | 10 | 32 | 5 |
| Black/Afr.American | 2 | <.5 | * | . | * | . | * | . | * | . |
| American Indian | 23 | 3 | 1 | 4.3 | 17 | 74 | 3 | 13 | 3 | 13 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 67 | 8 | 3 | 4.5 | 53 | 79 | 12 | 18 | 2 | 3 |
| Laotian and Hmong | 0 | 0 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| Other/Unknown | 4 | 1 | * | . | * | . | * | . | * | . |

| Age of Mother | Fertility | | Low Birthweight (under 2,500 gm) | | Trimester of First Prenatal Visit | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|------|----------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|----|---------------|----|---------------|----|
| | Births | Rate | Births | Percent | 1st Trimester | | 2nd Trimester | | Other/Unknown | |
| <15 | 0 | -- | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| 15-17 | 15 | 13 | 2 | 13.3 | 9 | 60 | 5 | 33 | 1 | 7 |
| 18-19 | 55 | 65 | 5 | 9.1 | 43 | 78 | 11 | 20 | 1 | 2 |
| 20-24 | 208 | 122 | 12 | 5.8 | 162 | 78 | 31 | 15 | 15 | 7 |
| 25-29 | 239 | 137 | 13 | 5.4 | 211 | 88 | 21 | 9 | 7 | 3 |
| 30-34 | 181 | 98 | 6 | 3.3 | 161 | 89 | 12 | 7 | 8 | 4 |
| 35-39 | 83 | 41 | 5 | 6.0 | 72 | 87 | 8 | 10 | 3 | 4 |
| 40+ | 15 | 6 | . | . | 12 | 80 | . | . | 3 | 20 |
| Unknown | 0 | -- | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |

Teenage Births 70 35 * Data not reported if age or race category has fewer than 5 births.

| ----- MORBIDITY ----- | | ----- MORTALITY ----- | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|---|--------|--------|-----|---|------------------|----------------|------|
| REPORTED CASES OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES* | | Note: Death rates (except infant) are per 100,000 population. Infant, neonatal, and postneonatal death rates are per 1,000 live births. Perinatal and fetal death rates are per 1,000 live births plus fetal deaths. Rates are not calculated for fewer than 20 deaths. | | | | | | | |
| Disease | Number | TOTAL DEATHS | | | 523 | | Selected | | |
| Campylobacter Enteritis | 11 | Crude Death Rate | | | 876 | | Underlying Cause | Deaths | Rate |
| Giardiasis | <5 | | | | | Heart Disease (total) | 132 | 221 | |
| Hepatitis Type A | 0 | | | | | Ischemic heart disease | 74 | 124 | |
| Hepatitis Type B** | <5 | Age | Deaths | Rate | | Cancer (total) | 131 | 219 | |
| Hepatitis NANB/C | 19 | 1-4 | . | . | | Trachea/Bronchus/Lung | 23 | 39 | |
| Legionnaire's | 0 | 5-14 | . | . | | Colorectal | 10 | . | |
| Lyme | 12 | 15-19 | 3 | 72 | | Female Breast | 10 | .* | |
| Measles | 0 | 20-34 | 11 | 102 | | Cerebrovascular Disease | 34 | 57 | |
| Meningitis, Aseptic | 6 | 35-54 | 52 | 286 | | Lower Resp. Disease | 22 | 37 | |
| Meningitis, Bacterial | 0 | 55-64 | 49 | 726 | | Pneumonia & Influenza | 20 | 33 | |
| Mumps | <5 | 65-74 | 67 | 1,642 | | Accidents | 30 | 50 | |
| Pertussis | 0 | 75-84 | 142 | 4,830 | | Motor vehicle | 10 | . | |
| Salmonellosis | 11 | 85+ | 194 | 14,058 | | Diabetes | 17 | . | |
| Shigellosis | 0 | | | | | Infect./Parasitic Dis. | 6 | . | |
| Tuberculosis | 0 | | | | | Suicide | 10 | . | |
| | | Infant | | | | | | | |
| * 2006 provisional data. | | Mortality | Deaths | Rate | | * Based on female population. | | | |
| ** Includes all positive HBsAg test results. | | Total Infant | 5 | . | | | | | |
| | | Neonatal | 3 | . | | ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE AS UNDERLYING OR CONTRIBUTING CAUSE OF DEATH | | | |
| | | Postneonatal | 2 | . | | | | | |
| | | Unknown | . | . | | | | | |
| Sexually Transmitted Disease | | Race of Mother | | | | Alcohol | 9 | . | |
| Chlamydia Trachomatis | 128 | White | 5 | . | | Tobacco Use | 88 | 147 | |
| Genital Herpes | 36 | Black | . | . | | Other Drugs | 6 | . | |
| Gonorrhea | 20 | Hispanic | . | . | | | | | |
| Syphilis | <5 | Laotian and Hmong | . | . | | ----- MOTOR VEHICLE CRASHES ----- | | | |
| | | Other/Unknown | . | . | | | | | |
| ----- IMMUNIZATIONS ----- | | Birthweight | | | | Note: These data are based on location of crash, not on residence. | | | |
| (2006-2007 School Year) | | <1,500 gm | . | . | | Type of Motor Vehicle Crash | Persons Injured | Persons Killed | |
| Children in Grades K-12 by Compliance Level | | 1,500-2,499 gm | 1 | . | | Total Crashes | 743 | 11 | |
| Compliant | 10,952 | 2,500+ gm | 3 | . | | Alcohol-Related | 108 | 4 | |
| Non-compliant | 62 | Unknown | 1 | . | | With Citation: | | | |
| Percent Compliant | 99.4 | Perinatal | | | | For OWI | 71 | 0 | |
| | | Mortality | Deaths | Rate | | For Speeding | 54 | 0 | |
| | | Total Perinatal | 6 | . | | Motorcyclist | 50 | 1 | |
| | | Neonatal | 3 | . | | Bicyclist | 14 | 0 | |
| | | Fetal | 3 | . | | Pedestrian | 12 | 0 | |

2006 HOSPITALIZATIONS

| 2006 HOSPITALIZATIONS | | | | | | 2006 HOSPITALIZATIONS | | | | | |
|---|--------|---------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|--|--------|---------------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| DISEASE / AGE GROUP | Number | Per 1,000 Pop | Average Stay (Days) | Average Charge | Charge Per Capita | DISEASE / AGE GROUP | Number | Per 1,000 Pop | Average Stay (Days) | Average Charge | Charge Per Capita |
| Injury-Related: All | | | | | | Alcohol-Related | | | | | |
| Total | 617 | 10.3 | 4.8 | \$23,519 | \$243 | Total | 130 | 2.2 | 4.4 | \$7,471 | \$16 |
| <18 | 52 | 3.7 | 3.4 | \$18,420 | \$69 | 18-44 | 66 | 3.1 | 4.3 | \$5,671 | \$18 |
| 18-44 | 146 | 6.9 | 4.1 | \$24,647 | \$169 | 45-64 | 57 | 3.5 | 4.5 | \$8,835 | \$31 |
| 45-64 | 134 | 8.3 | 6.0 | \$30,838 | \$256 | Pneumonia and Influenza | | | | | |
| 65+ | 285 | 33.9 | 4.8 | \$20,430 | \$693 | Total | 245 | 4.1 | 4.7 | \$14,210 | \$58 |
| Injury: Hip Fracture | | | | | | <18 | 29 | 2.1 | 2.9 | \$7,472 | \$16 |
| Total | 59 | 1.0 | 5.0 | \$21,931 | \$22 | 45-64 | 39 | 2.4 | 5.2 | \$17,771 | \$43 |
| 65+ | 55 | 6.5 | 5.1 | \$21,667 | \$142 | 65+ | 169 | 20.1 | 5.0 | \$14,729 | \$296 |
| Injury: Poisonings | | | | | | Cerebrovascular Disease | | | | | |
| Total | 49 | 0.8 | 1.9 | \$11,287 | \$9 | Total | 177 | 3.0 | 4.7 | \$21,326 | \$63 |
| 18-44 | 20 | 0.9 | 2.2 | \$15,844 | \$15 | 45-64 | 28 | 1.7 | 3.6 | \$21,521 | \$37 |
| Psychiatric | | | | | | 65+ | 143 | 17.0 | 4.4 | \$18,545 | \$316 |
| Total | 333 | 5.6 | 8.4 | \$10,243 | \$57 | Asthma | | | | | |
| <18 | 54 | 3.9 | 10.9 | \$13,600 | \$53 | Total | 27 | 0.5 | 2.9 | \$9,795 | \$4 |
| 18-44 | 151 | 7.1 | 6.7 | \$7,210 | \$51 | <18 | 7 | . | . | . | . |
| 45-64 | 73 | 4.5 | 7.6 | \$10,179 | \$46 | 18-44 | 4 | . | . | . | . |
| 65+ | 55 | 6.5 | 11.4 | \$15,359 | \$101 | 45-64 | 8 | . | . | . | . |
| Coronary Heart Disease | | | | | | 65+ | 8 | . | . | . | . |
| Total | 383 | 6.4 | 3.1 | \$34,707 | \$223 | Other Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease | | | | | |
| 45-64 | 153 | 9.5 | 3.0 | \$37,824 | \$358 | Total | 99 | 1.7 | 4.1 | \$12,168 | \$20 |
| 65+ | 204 | 24.3 | 3.4 | \$33,057 | \$803 | 45-64 | 24 | 1.5 | 4.3 | \$13,891 | \$21 |
| Malignant Neoplasms (Cancers): All | | | | | | 65+ | 75 | 8.9 | 4.0 | \$11,617 | \$104 |
| Total | 273 | 4.6 | 5.3 | \$24,575 | \$112 | Drug-Related | | | | | |
| 18-44 | 26 | 1.2 | 4.3 | \$24,684 | \$30 | Total | 55 | 0.9 | 5.1 | \$6,328 | \$6 |
| 45-64 | 102 | 6.3 | 4.6 | \$23,609 | \$149 | 18-44 | 39 | 1.8 | 4.3 | \$4,286 | \$8 |
| 65+ | 144 | 17.1 | 6.0 | \$25,271 | \$433 | Total Hospitalizations | | | | | |
| Neoplasms: Female Breast (rates for female population) | | | | | | Total | 7,523 | 126.0 | 3.9 | \$16,227 | \$2,044 |
| Total | 16 | . | . | . | . | <18 | 1,117 | 80.3 | 3.2 | \$8,530 | \$685 |
| Neoplasms: Colo-rectal | | | | | | 18-44 | 1,887 | 88.7 | 3.2 | \$11,895 | \$1,055 |
| Total | 47 | 0.8 | 7.5 | \$35,274 | \$28 | 45-64 | 1,624 | 100.6 | 3.9 | \$20,898 | \$2,101 |
| 65+ | 34 | 4.0 | 8.3 | \$38,525 | \$156 | 65+ | 2,895 | 344.6 | 4.6 | \$19,401 | \$6,686 |
| Neoplasms: Lung | | | | | | ----- PREVENTABLE HOSPITALIZATIONS* ----- | | | | | |
| Total | 31 | 0.5 | 4.5 | \$18,055 | \$9 | Total | 919 | 15.4 | 4.1 | \$14,128 | \$217 |
| Diabetes | | | | | | <18 | 66 | 4.7 | 2.1 | \$6,900 | \$33 |
| Total | 61 | 1.0 | 6.0 | \$24,534 | \$25 | 18-44 | 106 | 5.0 | 3.0 | \$10,316 | \$51 |
| 65+ | 22 | 2.6 | 7.5 | \$28,410 | \$74 | 45-64 | 185 | 11.5 | 4.5 | \$18,062 | \$207 |
| | | | | | | 65+ | 562 | 66.9 | 4.5 | \$14,401 | \$964 |

* Hospitalizations for conditions where timely and effective ambulatory care can reduce the likelihood of hospitalization.